The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXXIX. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1916. NO. 19

HONORABLE ELLIS L. ORVIS
of Bellefonte, Pa.
Candidate for United States Senator

SAMUEL B. PHILSON
of Meyersdale, Pa.
Candidate for State Treasurer

Is a son of the late John H. Orvis, one of Pennsylvania's famous ejectment lawyers and eminent jurists; a graduate of State College in 1876, and for many years has served as a member of the board of trustees of that institution. He was admitted to the Centre County Bar association in 1880 and continued actively in the legal profession until 1904, when he was elected President Judge of his district. He filled that position until 1916, becoming one of the foremost jurists in Pennsylvania, having the remarkable record of but one reversal during eleven years of continuous service as President Judge. Mr. Orvis also has been largely interested in extensive coal and fire brick operations, in central Pennsylvania, through which he has had intimate relations with the financial and business world. Much of his leisure time is devoted to literature. Scholar, jurist, business man—of wide experience and culture, and in the prime of life, Honorable Ellis L. Orvis would be an able, fitting and distinguished representative of the Keystone state in the councils of the nation.

has been actively engaged in banking in Somerset county for thirty-four years.

He is president of the Citizens National bank of Meyersdale, Pa., which from a small beginning has grown under his management and supervision to be the largest national bank in Somerset county.

He is also president of the Philson National bank of Berlin, Pa., a thriving bank of that town.

Mr. Philson is a prominent citizen in the southwestern part of the state. Of wide experience in the financial and business interests of that section he is peculiarly well qualified to serve as State Treasurer. His integrity could not be challenged, nor his Democracy questioned.

THIS IS IMPORTANT

Close attention to the election of members of the Democratic State Committee in the primary should be given by the Democrats.

There are 113 members of the State Committee. Each of the fifty senatorial districts is entitled to elect two State Committeemen, and where a Senatorial district is composed of more than one county or part of a county, in which case the electors residing in each county or part of a county embraced in the senatorial district are entitled to elect one state committeeman. The members of the state committee shall meet for organization not later than the third Wednesday following their election at a time and place designated by the state chairman.

Undesirable Elements.

"The rank and file of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania are positively opposed to any return to the old bi-partisan days when the Democratic bosses were part and parcel of the Republican machine. The very fact that all the undesirable elements of the old misleadership are active supporters of the candidacy of Mr. Liebel, the head of the Liebel Democratic machine in Erie county, is proof sufficient that his election cannot but prove to the detriment of the party."—Norristown Ledger.

Don't Be Misled.

"Democrats should not be misled by the misrepresentations of such papers as the Philadelphia Record. The policy of the Record has ever been to find fault with the existing organization, no matter who was at its head, and while it harps about 'Party harmony' it never loses an opportunity to promote discord in the party ranks."—Slinsgrove Times.

An OLD Game.

Whenever the Hall-Guffey crowd sell out to the Penrose machine, as they did in 1912 and 1914, they invariably insist the loss of their votes is due to the "inefficiency" of the Democratic State Committee. Such deception will not work with intelligent men.

There is but one real issue in the factional fight started by the professed followers of Michael Liebel. They have no special interest in the success of Michael Liebel, further than to use him as a tool to defeat Palmer and Morris, the National Committeeman and Democratic State Chairman, and thus capture the party organization. They wish to control and dictate, that is all. All sincere Democrats should be on the firing line on Tuesday, May 16.

For Himself.

Since Michael Liebel, Jr., who seeks A. Mitchell Palmer's seat in the Democratic National Committee, broke his open affiliation with the Republican organization and became, nominally, a Democrat about eleven years ago, he has never supported any Democratic candidate for congress in his district, except himself, when he was the nominee in 1914.

True to Wilson.

"When Palmer kept the Pennsylvania delegation intact for Wilson, at the Baltimore convention, although the Old Guard tried to swing to Clark, the Stroudsburg's man's clarion call to duty—'We will remain for Wilson until the Chesapeake freezes over'—won for him, not only the applause, but the support of every Wilson Democrat in the State. Those Democrats who really are for Wilson, cannot help but be for Palmer."—Pennsburg Town and Country, April 29.

They Are Decent.

"The controling forces of the Pennsylvania state Democracy are decent. A. Mitchell Palmer is honest. He is able. He is courageous. He stands for things that are right. In short, he is a Democrat and has never traveled with the corrupt powers that dominate and control in Pennsylvania."—From Delaware County Democrat.

If the Hall-Guffey crowd had supported Wilson in 1912, he would have carried this state. These disgruntled disorganizers wanted Wilson beaten in Pennsylvania in order to discredit the Democratic state organization.

Just Like the Record.

"It is a high sign of weakness when opposition newspapers will fall back on the Allentown Democrat for political editorial and news matter. The Allentown Democrat is one of the best Penrose newspapers in Pennsylvania. It has fed honey to the bi-partisan Democrats for so long that the best people of Lehigh county have long been accustomed to either ignore its political gabberings altogether or consume them with liberal sprinklings of salt," says the Monroe Democrat.

In this connection it is interesting to know that the Allentown Democrat is owned largely by Colonel Harry C. Trexler, a Republican, who is an ornament on Governor Brumbaugh's staff, and George H. Harden, regular standpat Republican. The editor, J. G. Weiser, is a disappointed, disgruntled political sore head, because he failed to secure the appointment of postmaster at Allentown. That is what ails the Allentown Democrat.

Go to the primary election next Tuesday, May 16. All sincere Democrats who stand for clean politics and good government have a duty to perform on that date.

Jim McNichol's judge, Bonniwell, elevates his tin horn long enough to boast that he and his fellow party-wreckers humiliated the Democracy in Pennsylvania in 1912, betrayed it in 1914, and will ruin it in 1916. Where was Bonniwell in 1915, when City Chairman Gordon N. Bromley polled less than 5000 out of 25,000 votes in Philadelphia?

Every sincere Democrat in Pennsylvania, who believes in decent politics and good government, owes it to his party to attend the primaries on Tuesday, May 16, and support President Wilson and the Democratic state organization.

A. Mitchell Palmer was the champion for Woodrow Wilson at the Baltimore convention when Michael Leibel, Jr., was doing his utmost to prevent the nomination of Wilson.

SCHOOL BOARD RE-ELECTS SAME CORPS OF TEACHERS.

Prof. W. O. Heckman and Elmer Miller Receive Increase in Salaries in Recognition of Efficient Service.

At the regular monthly meeting of the local board of school directors, Friday evening, the teachers who just completed an eight months' term in the borough schools, were re-elected for another year. A substantial increase in salary was given the principal, Prof. W. O. Heckman, who will receive $100.00 per month instead of $85.00. This is the highest salary ever paid a teacher in the borough schools. Prof. Heckman's methods of teaching and results attained during his first year have been most satisfactory and there was no hesitancy on the part of the directors to grant the asked increase in salary.

The excellent work of Elmer Miller, who likewise completed his first term as teacher of the grammar school, was rewarded with an increase of $5.00 per month in salary. The salaries of the intermediate and primary grades remain the same. The teachers elected and salaries to be paid are as follows:

	Per Month
High School, Prof. W. O. Heckman	$100.00
Grammar School, Elmer R. Miller	55.00
Intermediate School, D. Ross Bushman	50.00
Primary School, Helen Bartholomew	50.00

The school board received a little over $23.00 in tax money, besides a small sum for tuition, at this meeting.

Use Your Route Number.

Patrons of rural mail routes should not fail to use the number of their routes in connection with their address. Offices from which several routes are served frequently have a number of patrons of the same name, and when no more definite address is given than the postoffice, the distributing clerks are at a loss to know which John Brown, or Mary Jones, or Sally Spirens is meant—whether it is John Brown served through the general delivery window, John Brown, the dealer, on Route Two, or John Brown the farmer, on Route Five? The truth is no one can tell which Brown is entitled to the piece of mail unless the seal is broken, and this must be done by one of the Browns. Now, if the mail would have had general delivery on or a route number added, it would have at once reached its destination.

Patrons on rural routes can do much to help the mail service, and one of the ways that helps most and all to the advantage of the patrons is to insist on their correspondents adding the route and box number to their address.

LOCALS

J. D. Meyer, of Altoons, was home with his parents over Sunday.

Miss Ethel Rowe is spending a few days with her grandfather, Levi Stump, in Millheim.

Merchant C. W. Swartz, of Tusseyville, last week purchased a five-passenger Dodge touring car.

Cherry trees are white with blossoms and never looked more promising for an abundance of the luscious fruit.

An auto license tag, bearing the figures 74917, was picked up on the Brush Valley road one day last week. Same can be had at this office.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brown and four children, and John Camp, of Milroy, spent Sunday with Mrs. Brown's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Krise.

The Ladies' Temple, Knights of the Golden Eagle, have engaged a good band to enliven their festival which they will hold on the evening of Memorial Day.

F. V. Goodhart and Harry W. Potter autoed to Altoona on Thursday, where the former attended a convention of the state funeral director's association.

J. Linn Harris, of Bellefonte, was Thursday succeeded as a member of the state forestry reservation commission by George B. Lewis, of Canton, Bradford county.

Tuesday afternoon and evening of next week a sub-district convention of the Epworth League of the Altoona district will be held in the M. E. church at this place. Rev. G. A. Williams, president of the district, and five other district workers, will be present and speak. Everybody is cordially invited.

Mrs. Arthur S. Gilmore and little son of Williamsport, for a few days last week, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Kerr. They were here while Mr. Gilmore attended the conference of high school principals at State College, he being vice principal of the Williamsport High school. Mrs. Gilmore will be recalled as Elsie Kerr, daughter of Rev. George W. Kern, but was quite small when the family left Centre Hall. Rev. Kern is a member of the Gilmore family, and his daughter stated that he was not in the best of health, having been run into by a bicycle a short time ago.

TWO FIRES WITHIN A WEEK.

Dwelling House at Coburn Burned to Ground, Five Children Having Narrow Escape.—$4000 Stock of Wall Paper Ruined in Fire in Weber's Store at State College.

Burning with such fierceness that it was barely possible to rescue their five small children, the home of Stuart Kerstetter, at Coburn, was totally destroyed by fire, Saturday night. The children had just been placed in bed and the mother gone downstairs when one of the daughters cried from the head of the stairs that their room was afire. Going upstairs the parents found the bedroom in flames. They had very little time in which to gather up the tots and remove them to a place of safety. In less than a half hour the building was in ashes.

Regarding the cause of the fire opinion is divided. It is a fact that a lamp was left burning in the bed room where the children lay and there is a possibility that in some way it was upset. Another theory advanced is that relating to a defective flue. The house was built many years ago, was of pine lumber and instead of plaster light wall board was used in finishing. It burned like tinder and a number of nearby dwellings were in great danger of meeting a similar fate. Owing to the remoteness of the dwelling from the nearest fire plug a hose could not be used, consequently a bucket brigade was formed to save other property.

Mr. Kerstetter moved into his new home only a month ago, purchasing the place from Louis Snavely. It is said, however, that the legal transfer had not yet taken place and that the loss will therefore fall upon Mr. Snavely, who carried no insurance. The building was not valued very highly. Mr. Kerstetter's loss is complete on his personal effects.

STATE COLLEGE HAS FIRE.

Last Thursday afternoon the wall paper and paint store of Thomas K. Weber, on Fairmont avenue, State College, was discovered on fire, and before it could be outened $4000 worth of wall paper was ruined. Mr. Weber had only a few days previous received a carload of paper and practically all of this was destroyed or more of less damaged. The fire originated in the office, but from what cause it is not known, and an open stairway acted as a flue for the flames to reach the second story where the big stock of wall paper was located. The stock of paints was not hurt. Both the student and town fire departments responded quickly after the fire signal was given, consequently the flames made small headway in consuming the building. Mr. Weber's loss is practically covered by insurance.

Finds 1796 Copper Coin.

A rare copper coin was turned up to the sun in a spade-full of earth on the Henry Stoner farm, at Tusseyville, tenanted by John H. Horner, one day last week. The coin is a one-cent piece of the size of a half-dollar, of the issue of 1796, only twenty years after the declaration of independence and during the adminstration of the first president of the United States—George Washington. The coin is in a good state of preservation and the stamping is clear despite its one hundred and twenty years of age. The obverse side contains the inscription "Liberty, 1796," and the profile of a maiden with flowing locks, while the reverse is inscribed with "United States of America, One Cent." The fraction 1-100 appears at the bottom. The coin may be seen at this office.

S. S. Convention at Rebersburg.

The thirteenth annual convention of the twelfth district of the Centre county Sabbath-school association, comprising the townships of Miles, Haines and Penn, and Millheim borough, will be held in the Reformed church, at Rebersburg, on Wednesday of next week.

The county chairman and a number of superintendents of county work have promised to be present. All schools in the district are requested to send three delegates, who should be teachers or officers.

The following is the program arranged for the three sessions:

MORNING SESSION.

9:45 Enrollment.
10:00 "Reverence Personality," T. A. Hosterman.
10:20 "How Good Teachers Grow Better," A. C. Thompson, Supt. T. T.
11:10 Installation of Teachers, R. U. Wasson.
11:40 Report of Department Superintendents and Schools.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

1:30 Devotions.
1:40 What Can Put This District on the "Up Grade" and Keep it There? County Chairman, I. L. Harvey.
2:25 The Community in Its Relation to the Sunday-school, Miss Jessie Adams.
2:45 The Sunday-school in Its Relation to the Church.
3:00 The Teachers' Advantage, Rev. W. H. Williams.
3:40 Report of Committees and Election of Officers.
4:00 Open Work.

EVENING SESSION.

7:50 Forward Steps for the Elementary Division, Mrs. C. E. McGirk.
8:30 Relation of Emotion to Action, Prof. W. F. Zeigler.

PRISONER IS CAPTURED.

Archie Zettle and Jared Stover Return Escaped Convict and Will Share in $50.00 Reward.

Some time Wednesday evening of last week Harold Enfield, a convict at the new penitentiary at Rockview, escaped, and while the officials at once instituted a search for him in all directions he was practically within the shadow of the prison buildings, waiting for some one to find him. At the noon hour on Friday Archie W. Zettle, formerly of this place, and Jared Stover, who were doing some building for Mr. Sluttman, above the Pleasant Gap toll gate, espied a man sitting at the base of a tree a few hundred feet distant, and Mr. Zettle at once remarked to his companion in a joking way, "Wouldn't that be an easy fifty dollars if he is the prisoner that broke away." Not being sure of the description that the authorities gave of the man, Mr. Zettle went to a nearby telephone to call the pen while Mr. Stover kept an eye on the suspicioned man. When the former returned he was satisfied that the description tallied with the makeup of their "neighbor" and at once proceeded to lay hands on him. The convict started on a run toward the mountain but was soon headed off. He threatened to shoot his would-be captors but as he produced no weapon the men had no fear of him. His five-foot stature and slight build was no match for Mr. Zettle's giant build and to overcome him was child's play. He was immediately taken to Noll's store which was but a few hundred yards distant and held there until a pen authority came and returned the man to the confines of the new penitentiary. He will very likely be returned to a cell in the Western penitentiary at Pittsburgh, thereby losing the privilege of out-door life.

The fifty dollar reward offered for the capture of the prisoner will be divided between Mr. Zettle and Mr. Stover, making a good day's pay for the carpenters.

Excitement at Paddy Mountain.

On Saturday morning the freight train, east bound, set fire to the woods about one mile east of Paddy Mountain tunnel on the north side of the track and about a half mile farther east on the south side of the track on the land owned by Jeremiah Aumiller. The land on the north side of the track is State land and is included in the Penn Forest under the management of Charles R. Meek, at Coburn. The section foreman seeing the smoke arrived at the blaze soon after it started but on account of the dryness of the ground and the very rocky condition of the mountain telegraphed for more help. The Lindale, Glen Iron and Coburn sections were soon on the scene as well as Mr. Meek with some more men. On their way to the fire the Glen Iron section men together with Mr. Libby, fire warden at Weikert, extinguished the fire on Jeremiah Aumiller's land and then continued to the larger fire. It proved very difficult to fight on account of the large rocks which made it impossible in some places to reach down to the fire.

About 7 p. m., thinking the fire out, the men left for home and supper but on looking back they saw it had broken out again on top of the mountain. Immediate return of the men to the fire was necessary. It was dark but they arrived at the top of Paddy Mountain and after working until 10:30 p. m. had it again conquered. About this time a welcome rain set in and the tired men started the difficult and dangerous descent of the rocky mountainside. After many falls and stumbles they arrived at the foot of the mountain, scratched, bruised, tired and wet.

Sunday morning fresh men went to the fire to make sure it was out and they found the timely rain had nearly extinguished the last ember.

No one was seriously hurt but Mr. Meek and James Stover sustained painful falls over the rocks in the darkness and Ralph Kerstetter, telegraph operator at Cherry Run, was painfully and deeply cut on an important part of his anatomy by a sudden and unexpected seat upon a rock.

Children's Day Exercises.

Sunday evening, June 11th, the United Evangelical Sunday-school will give a Children's Day entertainment.

A Children's Day service entitled, "Workers for Our King," will be rendered by the children of the Lutheran Sunday-school, June 11, at 7:30 o'clock.

Schreckengast-Waite.

Wednesday evening of last week, at the home of Robert Hackenburg, of Smullton, Huston A. Schreckengast and Miss Emma Waite, both of Smullton, were united in marriage by Rev. W. H. Williams, of Spring Mills.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

W. F. Floray installed a bathroom outfit in the home of Daniel Daup, last week.

Edgar Summers and W. C. Boozer are doing the wiring for electric lights in Grange Arcadia.

Miss Margaret V. Fleisher, of Philadelphia, is spending a week with her aunt, Miss Kathryn Fleisher.

Wednesday, May 31st, is circus day in Bellefonte, the Hagenbeck-Wallace circus being scheduled for that time.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude K. Stahl, of Altoons, spent Sunday with the former's parents, immediately west of town.

The Centre County Pomona Grange will meet at Stormstown, Thursday, 25th instant, in the hall of Half Moon Grange.

A number of people are planning to take advantage of the Pennsy's $3.00 excursion to Washington, Saturday night.

Two State College men, one a student, were accidentally shot through the careless use of firearms, last week. One received the bullet in the arm and the other in the finger.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Pennington, Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Smith, W. J. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Lutz, attended the funeral of George Smith, at Bellefonte, Friday morning.

Timothy and clover fields are looking fine and promise full crops. The alfalfa fields were very much injured by frost, and the April snow no doubt smothered many of the plants that had already shot sprouts.

James R. Hughes, head of the Bellefonte academy, who got half the costs in his effort to relieve the Bush House of its license, decided to take his case before a jury, thinking a jury will look at the testimony in a different light from Judge Quigley.

The White Deer and Loganton railway will pass out of existence on May 31st. While only a narrow gauge road it nevertheless served a good purpose to the residents of White Deer and Loganton, especially in carrying the mail to Loganton, which town must now be served by stage.

Lycoming county boasts of a girl student who has a perfect mark in attendance and punctuality for the past eleven years. She is Miss Rita Sherman, first honor student of the Montgomery High school graduating class. This record of having never missed one session of school, nor having ever been tardy in that long period, has never been equalled in Lycoming county and probably places unique distinction upon Miss Sherman in the state. In addition to this her scholastic average every year was A plus, which according to the rank of the schools, is more than 95.

Dogs chased a deer off Tussey Mountain one day last week which but for the timely discovery by William Martz would have drowned in a swamp near the Tussey Sink. The deer was struggling in the mire up to its neck and was apparently making little or no progress in its efforts to get out when Mr. Martz discovered it. With the help of a neighbor he succeeded in getting the animal on dry ground but it was in such a weakened condition that all of the snap and dash characteristic of its kind was missing and it lay as though dead. It proved to be a possum stunt, however, for when the track appeared clear it regained its feet and flew the white flag from the rear, not even returning a glance expressive of gratitude in its dash for the mountain.

The Pittsburgh Dispatch of last Friday contained a double column head photo of Donald A. Mullen, oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Mullen, well known here. Heading the picture was the caption, "In Pittsburgh's Business World," and following was this short account of his rise: "Mr. Mullen was born at Renovo, Pa., in 1888, and 16 years ago moved to Pittsburgh, where he completed his public school education. He held a position with the Pressed Steel Car Company for two years and subsequently entered the employ of the Real Estate Saving & Trust Company, serving in the capacity of messenger. Availing himself of opportunities for a business education afforded by an attendance at night school, his business efficiency, as well as his moral integrity, was soon recognized, resulting in his election to the office of assistant secretary of the Real Estate Savings & Trust Company two years ago, with which concern he has now been associated for ten years. Mr. Mullen is president of Pittsburgh Chapter, American Institute of Banking, one of the largest chapters in the country; he is a member of the Masonic Order, resides at 3915 Granet street, is unmarried, a live wire, aggressive and a loyal Pittsburgher."

THE EUROPEAN WAR A YEAR AGO THIS WEEK

May 8, 1915.

French took German position near Lens and made big advance along Fecht river.

British recaptured part of Hill 60.

Germans captured Libau, on the Baltic.

Germany declared sinking of Lusitania was justifiable because she was armed.

British destroyer Crusader sunk by mine and crew captured.

May 9, 1915.

British repulsed Germans east of Ypres and gained ground toward Fromelles.

French made notable advances farther south.

Austrians cleared Hungary of Russians.

Russians made progress toward Mitau.

Collector of Port Malone denied Lusitania was armed.

Russians sank eight Turkish transports.

May 10, 1915.

Allies made great attack toward Carency and Souchez.

Germans gained near Nieuport and renewed bombardment of Dunkirk.

Russians beat Germans west of Mitau.

Germany blamed British "starvation blockade" for destruction of Lusitania.

Zeppelins dropped bombs on British seaside resorts.

Italy called all reserves back to class of 1876.

May 11, 1915.

French pushed strong offensive north of Arras.

Russians gained victory in Bukowina but were driven back in Poland.

French column captured Esoka in Kamerun.

Austrian troops crossed the San.

May 12, 1915.

Severe fighting on entire front in Flanders, allies taking offensive.

Teutons occupied four more towns in West Galicia.

Russians advanced in southeast Galicia, repulsing Austrians.

British battleship Goliath torpedoed in Dardanelles, 500 lost.

Italian steamer Astrea sunk by mine.

British submarines sank seven Turkish ships in Sea of Marmora.

Bryce commission reported on German atrocities in Belgium.

Botha occupied Windhoek, capital of German Southwest Africa.

May 13, 1915.

French captured Carency and the Forest of Le Pretre.

Heavy fighting east of Tarnow.

Russians repulsed Germans in region of Shavli.

American note sent to Germany concerning sinking of Lusitania and attacks on Falaba, Cushing and Gulflight.

Great Britain ordered internment or deportation of resident alien enemies.

May 14, 1915.

French captured more German positions.

Germans repulsed British attacks near Ypres and advanced in direction of Hooge.

Russians broke Austrian line and drove them over the Pruth.

German advanced guards reached Przemysl.

Escaped members of Emden's crew arrived at Damascus.

TAKEN FROM EXCHANGES

The largest flower in the world grows in Sumatra. It measures about a yard across, and weighs, roughly, 15 pounds.

At the declaration of war the British army comprised 711,500 men, of whom, in regulars and reserves, 601,000 were in the British Isles.

Royalties on oil and mining developments, rents on state lands, leases and fees pour in so rapidly to the state of Wyoming that she may soon be in the position of not having to raise any taxes at all for support of the state government, a pitiful prospect.

There is a shortage of matches in France, due largely to the decrease in the output of home-manufactured goods. Owing to this, France has been forced to increase greatly its imports of matchwood, etc., especially from the United States, Sweden, Italy, Switzerland, Indo-China and Japan.

"Shocked into speech" was the word at a recent banquet of electrical engineers at San Francisco, the toastmaster having attached to the chairs of speakers a little device which caused them, when he pushed a button, to arise "promptly and with great enthusiasm."

WITHDRAWAL TO BE MADE GRADUALLY

Effect of Compromise on Villa Hunt.

PLAN AWAITS OFFICIAL SEAL

Mexican Military Officials Expect Americans To Withdraw In About Two Months Under Temporary Agreement.

El Paso, Texas.—Gen. Alvaro Obregon, Mexican Minister of War, issued a statement in which he said:

"As the result of the conference with General Scott the atmosphere seems now completely cleared up. There is a much better feeling between Americans and Mexicans and all tension seems vanished."

The tentative agreement, said to have been reached between Major-General Scott and General Obregon was generally understood to provide for a gradual retirement of the American forces in Mexico.

Obregon Praises Scott.

Baldomero Almada, general fiscal agent for the Carranza government in the United States, after a visit to General Obregon in his private car in Juarez, made the declaration that "all differences between the Mexicans and the Americans have been cleared up."

Mexican and American military and diplomatic officials appeared more at ease than any time since the conference last Saturday. The tensity of the situation has relaxed very largely. It can be seen from the attitudes and expressions of those concerned in the negotiations that when the agreement between General Scott and General Obregon, for the American troops to remain in Mexico without protest from the de facto government for the time being, was entered into, it was mutually agreed that if the de facto government "makes good" in its campaign against the bandits, the duration of the American Army's stay will be short.

Withdrawal In Two Months.

Mexican military men believe that the withdrawal of the American troops from Mexico will take place in about two months.

On assurances from General Carranza that the bandits are dispersed, the northward movement of American troops will attain full speed and it will not be long until the last trooper crosses over the international boundary line.

In the meantime, it was pointed out, there will be constant movements northward of American detachments, so that when the final order for withdrawal comes there will be only a part of the present expeditionary force left on Mexican soil.

Troops To Co-Operate.

It is probable that no American troop movements will be begun until the formal signing of an agreement by the two Governments, or at least until General Carranza has signified his acceptance of the stipulated conditions.

After that, however, the Mexican and American troops are expected to begin at once a co-operative campaign that will effectively stamp out the various bandit groups.

CARRANZA WILLING.

Final Details To Be Worked Out By General Scott and Obregon.

El Paso, Tex.—The final meeting between Generals Scott and Obregon, at which the details of the agreement for the co-operative pursuit of Villa bandits by Mexican and American troops will be worked out, will be held Saturday.

This is the information General Scott is understood to have conveyed to General Obregon during a brief "courtesy visit" he made to the Mexican Minister of War in the latter's private car in Juarez. As General Obregon possesses plenary powers he will be fully able to make any arrangements to satisfy the wishes of the Washington government as to the exact form the agreement will take.

COUNT BONI LOSES AGAIN.

Marriage To Anna Gould Held Valid By Cardinals.

Rome.—The validity of the marriage of Count Boni de Castellane to Anna Gould, now Duchess Talleyrand, was confirmed in a decision by the Commission of Cardinals appointed to consider the claim of the Count for annulment of his marriage.

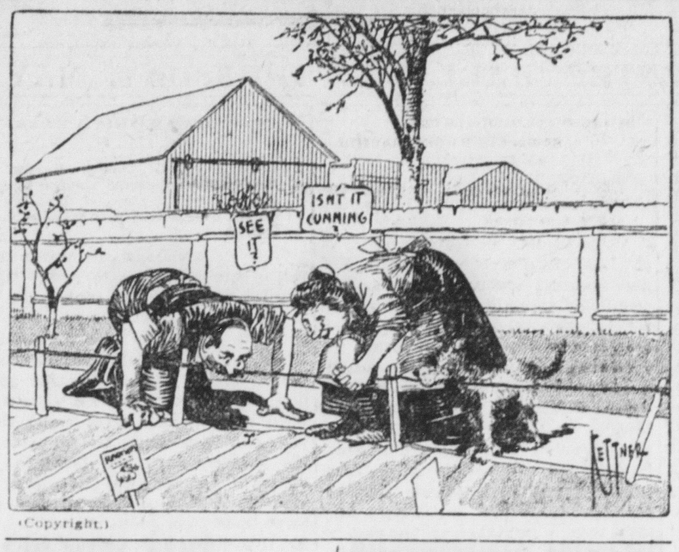
Count de Castellane has appealed several times to the Vatican for a ruling that his marriage was invalid. His last appeal, which has now been decided against him, was filed in January of this year.

TWO AUTHORS KILLED IN AUTO.

Former Stage Manager Badly Hurt When Car Upsets.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Malcolm W. Strong, playwright, and Clinton H. Stagg, an author of New York, were killed when an automobile driven by Stagg overturned on a country road near here. George Foster Platt, formerly stage manager at the New Theatre and the Little Theatre in New York, another passenger in the machine, was seriously injured.

AT LAST!



(Copyright.)

FRENCH TAKE GERMAN TRENCHES

Enemy Driven Back at Two Points at Verdun.

1,550 YARDS ARE CAPTURED

News Thought To Indicate Check Of Teuton Offensive—Many Prisoners Taken In Drive—Troops Moved Quickly.

Paris.—In the most successful offensive blows delivered by General Petain since the Crown Prince launched the Verdun offensive, French troops captured 550 yards of German trenches southeast of Fort Douaumont.

The War Office also announced that in the successful attacks against the German positions on the slopes of Dead Man's Hill during Saturday and Sunday the French captured 1,000 yards of German trenches to a depth of from 300 to 600 yards.

No news from the Verdun front since the beginning of the Crown Prince's offensive has aroused such enthusiasm in Paris as the publication of communique. The official statement was taken to mean not only that the German drive has been definitely checked, despite repeated German assaults on Sunday, but that the offensive has now passed to the French armies, which are pushing back the German lines.

First-Line Trenches Taken.

The French advance was made between Fort Douaumont and the village of Vaux, on the northern fringe of La Caillette woods, in which much severe fighting has occurred. The positions captured by the French were first-line trenches. One hundred German prisoners were taken.

West of the Meuse, artillery on both sides was active throughout the night on the front from Avocourt to Dead Man's Hill, but there were no important infantry actions. The French troops contented themselves with improving against expected German counter-attacks the positions they captured from the Germans Saturday and Sunday.

German Troops Moved Quickly.

Amsterdam.—Germany is exceeding all previous records in moving troops to the western front, according to reports from the western part of Germany. There are now reported to be 700,000 Teuton soldiers in the Meuse district. The Kaiser is expected to arrive at Verdun next week. All advices received here indicate that the German General Staff has resolved to take Verdun at all costs.

Lille Town Hall Burns.

Berlin.—The Town Hall at Lille, France, one of the most famous structures of its kind in Europe, has been destroyed by fire, according to dispatches received here. German soldiers formed a chain and helped the French librarian rescue many valuable books. The fire brigade was unable to save the Town Hall, but prevented the blaze from spreading to numerous adjoining structures. The Town Hall was of the Renaissance period.

SUFFRAGE PLEAS IN FLOWERS.

Baskets Sent To President and Members Of Cabinet.

Washington.—Leaders of the woman suffrage movement sent baskets of May Day flowers to President Wilson and all the members of his Cabinet. The baskets contained messages urging support of a constitutional amendment giving women the ballot.

GERMANS RAISE $200,000.

Philadelphia Bazaar Proceeds Going To Hospitals Of Teutons.

Philadelphia.—More than $200,000 for the hospitals and Red Cross stations of the Central Powers was raised at the German-American Bazar which closed here. The attendance for the seven days aggregated 300,000 persons, according to the committee in charge.

ANTHRACITE MINERS RATIFY AGREEMENT

Tridistrict Board Indorses the Settlement.

COAL STRIKE IS AVERTED

After a Conference Which Has Lasted Several Weeks An Agreement Is Reached Between Operators and Miners.

New York.—The Tridistrict Board of Anthracite Miners at a meeting here indorsed the agreement between the miners and operators. The agreement was first opposed by the subcommittee, which have been in session, and will in all probability avert a strike. Details of the settlement of the anthracite coal controversy as a result of the negotiations which have been going on for weeks between the operators and the miners were made public here by the operators.

The agreement will be retroactive to April 1, and will avert a threatened strike, which would throw some 176,000 employes into idleness.

The agreement contains no mention of the closed shop or of the check-off system, which have been points of dispute during the negotiations. Regarding the former, however, it was pointed out the agreement will, when approved by the convention, be signed by John P. White, president of the United Mineworkers of America and by other officials of the union, and that this is in effect recognition of the union, giving the miners the right to organize in order to better their conditions. As for the check-off system, the operators have contended all along that it would be un-American and detrimental to their interests to constitute themselves as collecting agents for the union, and this point the miners waived.

Settled Until 1920.

The agreement contains a provision that neither side shall initiate or encourage legislation which would in any way affect the obligations of the new contract or impair any of its provisions which are to be continued until May 20, 1920.

Before leaving the city John P. White, president of the United Mineworkers' of America, issued a statement in which he said the agreement "marks the greatest single advance won by organized labor in this year of victories.

"The miners have given the country a striking demonstration," he said, "that the just demands of wage-earners for improved wages and conditions can be won without strife when the men act together through a strong and responsible organization. Such an organization the United Mineworkers' of America is now recognized as being by this group of financial interests, which only a few years ago treated it with scant respect."

CHICAGO TEACHERS WIN.

Court Rules They Can't Be Ousted For Joining Federation.

Chicago.—School teachers of Chicago triumphed in their fight against the rule barring them from membership in the Chicago Teachers' Federation in the appellate court. The upper court affirmed the decision of Judge Denis E. Sullivan, of the Superior Court, which issued a temporary injunction against the Board of Education restraining it from enforcing the rule and denied the motion to dissolve the injunction.

GREENS KILL ENTIRE FAMILY.

Parents and Four Children Ate Poisonous Weeds.

Bluefield, W. Va.—The entire family of Isaac Samson, consisting of six persons, are dead at their home near Delorme as a result of eating poisonous weeds which had been prepared for a salad. The family consisted of father, mother and four children. The mother gathered what she took to be greens and in a few hours after the family had eaten they all were dead.

MEXICANS RAID U. S. TERRITORY

Two Soldiers and a Boy Killed By Bandits.

MAY LEAD TO NEW POLICY

Americans At El Paso In Doubt Whether the Marauders Were Villa Bandits Or Men Affiliated With Carranza.

Alpine, Texas.—Villa bandits, some 70 in number, forded the Rio Grande and, sweeping 15 miles inland on American soil, raided the little settlement of Glenn Springs and attacked a detachment of American cavalry, consisting of nine men of Troop A, Fourteenth Cavalry.

Three troopers and a 10-year-old boy were killed, two cavalrymen were wounded and another is missing. He is believed to be a prisoner of the bandits, who are now fleeing southward into Coahuila, Mexico.

Two American citizens, J. Deemer and a man named Compton, according to reports received here, were carried across the Rio Grande, and reports have it that their throats were cut.

The missing trooper is Private Roscoe Tyree. The little boy is the son of Compton. He was deaf and dumb and bandits are thought to have killed him because he could not answer their questions.

The two wounded troopers, Privates J. Birck and Frank Defree, were brought here badly wounded. Brick's body was filled with small brass pieces of tacks fired from a shotgun. Defree was burned about head and shoulders.

Nine Fought Against Seventy.

In a little abode house nine cavalrymen made their fight for life against the 70 or more Villista bandits at Glenn Springs. A hail of shot poured for more than two hours into the single window of the adobe house, but the cavalrymen kept up a steady rifle fire in defiant answer. Then the Mexicans' leader ordered fire balls to be thrown on the roof, thickly thatched with candalaria.

The blazing weed tortured the soldiers below and burned their heads and bodies. Smashing the door, the troopers broke for the open, firing as they ran. Two were shot and killed as they fled. One is missing and it is believed he is dead. Another was killed as he tried to climb through a window.

BAN ON ARMS TO MEXICO.

War Department Stops All Shipments Across Border.

Laredo, Tex.—The War Department has instructed the commander at Fort McIntosh here to stop all shipments of war munitions to Mexico. A half million rounds of rifle cartridges held by customs inspectors will be taken in charge by the local military.

The order is taken here to mean the prohibition of the exportation of ammunitions to all parties in Mexico. Local customs officers have been holding for some time shipments of munitions when it was believed they were intended for enemies of the de facto government.

LUSITANIA RECALLED.

British Celebrate Anniversary Of Big Liner's Sinking.

London.—The anniversary of the sinking of the Lusitania was commemorated Sunday by a procession from Westminster to Hyde Park, where a meeting was held. A large model of the Lusitania figured prominently with a banner inscribed:

"Remember the Lusitania. Seventh of May, 1915. May that crime be forgiven in Heaven, but not forgotten on earth."

TROUBLE IN HAITI, TOO.

American Officers Busy There and In San Domingo.

Port au Prince, Haiti.—Members of the Haitian Senate, who persisted in holding a meeting in spite of the warning of Rear Admiral Caperton, in command of the American forces here, were dispersed by a detachment of gendarmes, commanded by an American officer. The Senators protested, but offered no resistance.

AMERICAN AVIATOR KILLED.

Captain Worden Comes To Grief Looping the Loop.

Dallas, Tex.—Capt. J. H. Worden, of Dallas, fell 2,500 feet and was instantly killed when his monoplane collapsed in a loop-the-loop flight at Vickery, north of here. Worden was flying upside down when the wings bent double. Every bone in his body was broken.

JIMINEZ QUITS OFFICE.

Resigns As President Of Santo Domingo To Avert Intervention.

Santo Domingo.—General Juan Jiminez, President of Santo Domingo, has resigned. He took this action in order to prevent armed intervention by the United States. Quiet has been restored. Congress will appoint a provisional president.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

At the Club.

"I see a bore coming."

"That augurs badly."—Boston Transcript.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into shoes and used in foot-bath. It relieves painful, swollen, smarting, aching, tired feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. The greatest comfort discovery of the age. Sold everywhere, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. Adv.

A Fizzle.

She (as she orders a phosphate)—I'm drinking nothing but charged drinks now.

He (dismally)—Samo here!—Sun Dial.

CUTICURA COMFORTS BABY

Suffering From Itching, Burning Rashes, Eczema, etc. Trial Free.

Give baby a bath with hot water and Cuticura Soap, using plenty of Soap. Dry lightly and apply Cuticura Ointment gently to all affected parts. Instant relief follows and baby falls into a refreshing sleep, the first perhaps in weeks. Nothing more effective.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Too Busy.

"John, I don't believe you paid any attention whatever to the sermon today."

"How could I, my dear? I was trying to figure out how I am going to pay for the Easter hats and gowns you and the girls are wearing."

The Plot.

"That fellow Jones-Smythe is getting too darned popular around this club. I wish we could put a spoke in his wheel somehow."

"I'll tell you what we'll do. Let's elect him chairman of the house committee."

No Changes There.

Bacon—Astronomers in 18 observatories in almost as many nations are compiling a map of the heavens that is expected to catalogue from 20,000,000 to 40,000,000 stars.

Egbert—Evidently don't believe the war is going to change the map of the heavens.

Patchouli for Moth Prevention.

The fragrant dried roots of the patchouli, reports Special Agent Garrard Harris, are held in great esteem in Porto Rico, and it is the general belief in the island that when placed among clothing and in closets they are a sure preventive of moths. In the earlier days of the century the perfume of patchouli was in great favor. It is believed that, if the properties of patchouli were more generally known, there would be a demand for it in the United States in preference to moth balls. It should have as much vogue as lavender for putting between sheets and placing among garments; and if it were manufactured or shredded into a finer substance and sold in small bags, it would be a decided novelty that undoubtedly would prove popular. Great quantities of it grow wild in Porto Rico, and a demand for it from the United States would afford employment to many of the poor country people. In Porto Rico natives bring the patchouli to town and sell it in small bundles that retail at two to five cents.

GLASS OF WATER
Upset Her.

People who don't know about food should never be allowed to feed persons with weak stomachs.

Sometime ago a young woman who lives in Me. had an attack of scarlet fever, and when convalescing was permitted to eat anything she wanted. Indiscriminate feeding soon put her back in bed with severe stomach and kidney trouble.

"There I stayed," she says, "three months, with my stomach in such condition that I could take only a few teaspoonfuls of milk or beef juice at a time. Finally Grape-Nuts was brought to my attention and I asked my doctor if I might eat it. He said, 'yes,' and I commenced at once.

"The food did me good from the start and I was soon out of bed and recovered from the stomach trouble. I have gained ten pounds and am able to do all household duties, some days sitting down only long enough to eat my meals. I can eat anything that one ought to eat, but I still continue to eat Grape-Nuts at breakfast and supper and like it better every day.

"Considering that I could stand only a short time, and that a glass of water seemed 'so heavy,' I am fully satisfied that Grape-Nuts has been everything to me and that my return to health is due to it.

"I have told several friends having nervous or stomach trouble what Grape-Nuts did for me and in every case they speak highly of the food."

"There's a Reason." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

"I DON'T SUFFER ANY MORE"

"Feel Like a New Person," says Mrs. Hamilton.

New Castle, Ind.—"From the time I was eleven years old until I was seventeen I suffered each month so I had to be in bed. I had headache, backache and such pains I would cramp double every month. I did not know what it was to be easy a minute. My health was all run down and the doctors did not do me any good. A neighbor told my mother about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I took it, and now I feel like a new person. I don't suffer any more and I am regular every month."—Mrs. HAZEL HAMILTON, 822 South 15th St.

When a remedy has lived for forty years, steadily growing in popularity and influence, and thousands upon thousands of women declare they owe their health to it, is it not reasonable to believe that it is an article of great merit?

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

An Optimist.

"Some say the world is growing worse."

"I don't think that way, although they are adding more crimes to the statute books."

Self-Esteem.

"You must forgive your enemies."

"I do," replied Miss Cayenne. "But I can't help criticizing their bad taste."

Probably Not.

"They say George has brain fever."

"Nonsense! Can an angleworm have water on the knee?"

FITS, EPILEPSY, FALLING SICKNESS Stopped Quickly. Fifty years of uninterrupted success of Dr. Kline's Epilepsy Medicine insures lasting results. LARGE TRIAL BOTTLE FREE. DR. KLINE COMPANY, Red Bank, N. J.—Adv.

Henry Scheuffler, who introduced sticky flypaper into the United States, now runs a restaurant in Portland, Ore.

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

The destruction of birds costs this country $1,000,000,000 a year, it is estimated.

When Housework Drags

Keeping house is hard enough when well. The woman who has a bad back, blue, nervous spells, and dizzy headaches, has a hard lot, for the family tasks never let up. Probably it's the result of kidney trouble and not the much-feared "woman's weakness." Strengthen the kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills. They are as harmless as they are effective and may be used for children with weak kidneys, too.

A Virginia Case

Mrs. Robert Hope, 205 N. Central Ave., Staunton, Va., says: "My back ached constantly and often I was unable to sleep at night. I was in a hospital two months, but didn't improve. My appetite left me and the kidney secretions were unhatural. After trying most everything I knew of without relief, I took Doan's Kidney Pills. Four boxes cured me and the cure has lasted."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Kill All Flies! They Spread Disease

Placed anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Ask for

Daisy Fly Killer

Sold by dealers, or 5 sent by express, prepaid, $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FREE TO LADIES

A beautiful sterling silver Thimble. Nothing to sell; all you do is send us your name and address, and 10 of your lady friends' names and addresses, and a 3c stamp to cover mailing, and we send you the thimble free. WM. DUFF, 32 Union Square, New York City.

FOR OLD AND YOUNG

Tutt's Liver Pills act as kindly on the child, the delicate female or infirm old age, as upon the vigorous man.

Tutt's Pills

give tone and strength to the weak stomach, bowels, kidneys and bladder.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS FOR SALE—Porto Rico, Southern Queen and Nancy Hall. $1.45 per 1,000. In quantities from 10 to 25,000, $1.25 per 1,000, and any quantity over 25,000, $1.25 per 1,000. Can ship promptly. Satisfaction guaranteed. CARLTON AND MURRAY, P. O. Box 271, Ashburn, Ga.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and books free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

Fruits, Vegetables, Eggs and Live Poultry. Ship to us and get highest market prices. FRED VOST & CO., Produce Commission Merchants, 109 Reade St., New York

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 20-1916.

GOOD AS FORAGE CROP

Growing of Field Pea of Special Interest to Farmer.

Climatic Requirements of Plant Limit Its Successful Production as Summer Crop to Northern States and Canada.

(By H. N. VINALL.)

The field pea is an annual plant with slender stems two to four feet high, which stands erect only where there are other plants to which they can cling. The plants seldom have

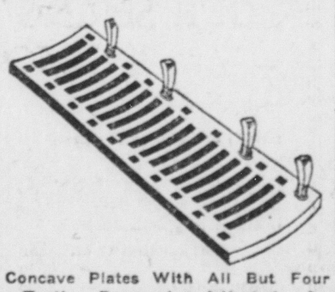
Fruiting Branch of Field Pea Vine, Showing Characteristics of Stem and Leaf, and Succession of Bloom and Pods.

more than three stalks and very often only one or two. The herbage is pale green with a whitish bloom on the surface. Each leaf bears usually two or three pairs of leaflets and is terminated by a slender, branched tendril. The hanging pods are about three inches long, each containing five to nine nearly round seeds.

The garden pea is cultivated primarily as a green vegetable, or as a grain crop for human food; the field pea is grown for hay or for grain to feed to animals.

A cool growing season is essential for the field pea. High temperatures are much more injurious than frosts, which are disastrous to the crop only when they occur just at the period when the pods are setting. These climatic requirements of the field pea limit its successful production as a summer crop to the northern states and Canada and to high altitudes in the mountains of our western states. It may, however, be grown with profit as a winter crop in the southern states. Its moisture requirements are less important than those of temperature, but other things being equal, it does best where the rainfall is fairly abundant. A 15-inch rainfall in western Canada is sufficient to produce a good crop, while 20 inches of rain in Kansas, Nebraska or Colorado is inadequate.

It is a common practice in some localities to harvest the crop by pasturing with hogs or sheep. This is done more largely in Colorado than in



Concave Plates With All But Four Teeth Removed, Adjusted for Threshing Field Peas.

any other part of the United States. There is no doubt, however, that the crop can be fully as well utilized this way in other western states in localities which are near large sheep ranges. When intended for pasture, the field pea is sown alone or with but little grain, as it is not necessary in such cases that it be supported by some more erect-growing crop. Animals pasturing on field peas should be confined to one portion of the field by means of movable fences, or else a herder should be employed for this purpose. If sheep or hogs are allowed to roam about over the entire field, they waste a great deal of the crop by wandering around aimlessly as soon as their hunger has been satisfied. The animals should not be turned into the field until the seed becomes hard. Lambs will fatten on field-pea pasture in from 70 to 90 days, and a good crop will usually fatten from 10 to 15 lambs per acre, each animal gaining about eight pounds a month.

CLEAN UP ALL IDLE CORNERS

Practice Will Make Work of Cultivation Easier All Summer—Improve Waste Places.

When plowing this spring, don't go around the gullied spots or the bushy corners or the stumps. Take the time to clean them as you go.

It will make the work of cultivation easier all summer and give you a chance to put the idle land to work or to begin the improvement of the waste places. Nothing spoils the looks of a farm more than patchy, ragged fields.

LOCATE BUILDINGS ON FARM

Often Pays to Move Some of Houses in Order to Secure a More Convenient Arrangement.

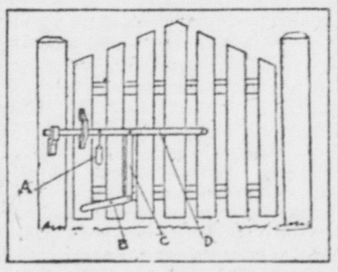
The location of the buildings on a farm has a great deal to do with the time it takes to do the work. It will often pay to move some of the buildings in order to secure a more convenient arrangement. W. C. Palmer of the North Dakota experiment station tells how this was done on one farm with the following results: Under the old plan it required walking 53 miles a year just carrying in water. Under the new plan the water was piped into the house—no walking required. Bringing in the wood under the old plan required walking 22 miles. Under the new arrangement this was reduced to 8¾ miles. The trips made to the machine shed during the year amounted to 57 1-3 miles; by the new arrangement it was reduced to 11¾ miles. By the new arrangement the year's trips in feeding the hogs was reduced 102½ miles and in caring for the chickens three miles were saved. The total saving for the year through rearranging the farmstead was 217 1-3 miles.

It was found that the time used in walking these 217 1-3 miles was worth $36.74. It must be remembered that it was not only a case of walking three miles, but it was usually with something to carry.

HANDY LATCH FOR COW GATE

Will Not Open of Itself, But It Can Easily Be Operated by Foot From Either Side.

I have invented a handy latch for the cow lot gate. It will not open of itself, but it can easily be opened by the foot, writes Roy Kinnebrew in Farmers' Mail and Breeze. The latch (D) is held in place by the weight (A). The footpiece (B) is bolted through the center to one of the slats in the gate, and at one end to the upright piece (C). The piece (C) is also bolted to (D). Step on the footpiece and the latch springs up. There are two of these foot pieces, one on either side of the gate, so it can be opened from either side.



Latch Opened With Foot.

POULTRY NOTES

Sitting hens should be moved at night.

* * *

If you set hens be sure to give them clean nests and keep them clean.

* * *

If several hens are set in one room, it is desirable to confine them in good nests.

* * *

Have everything that goes to market fresh, of good quality and strictly clean.

* * *

No incubator can bring off good hatches unless it is surrounded by pure air.

* * *

Ducks are much easier to raise than chickens, and reach the roaster stage much quicker.

* * *

Hens with little chicks should have a large indoor run when the weather is cold or stormy.

* * *

A lump of sugar saturated with coal oil will cure in two doses hens that have eaten maggots.

* * *

Sanitary conditions are absolutely necessary to retain the health and vigor of the little ones.

* * *

Eggs saved for hatching purposes should not be subjected to either a high or low temperature.

* * *

Healthy, strong and vigorous breeding stock is necessary for quick growing, profitable market birds.

* * *

Alfalfa or clover hay, soaked in warm water makes a good substitute for green feed for the poultry.

* * *

For scaly leg in fowls apply a mixture of sulphur, lard and coal oil three times a week and it will cure them.

* * *

Why offer for sale small, dirty, checked or stained eggs? These may be consumed at home at full market value.

* * *

You can improve your flock and breed better chicks if you will only use your best judgment. Remember, quality instead of quantity.

* * *

Clean out the henhouses and disinfect with lime. Build new nests, if you cannot be sure that the old ones are made perfectly sanitary.

* * *

Eggs for hatching should not weigh less than two nor more than two and one-half ounces. They should not be washed as this lowers their vitality.

THE MARKETS

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot, easy; No. 1 Durum, $1.27¾; No. 2 hard, $1.25½; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.32½ and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.30 f o b New York.

Corn—Spot, steady; No. 2 yellow, 91½c c i f New York.

Oats—Spot, quiet; standard, 50½@51½c.

Hay—Firm; No. 1, $1.40; No. 2, $1.30@1.35; No. 3, $1.05@1.10.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat—Car lots, in export, No. 2 red, spot and April, $1.19@1.21; No. 2 Southern red, $1.17@1.19; do do, No. 3 red, $1.16@1.18; rejected A, $1.12@1.16; do do, rejected B, $1.10@1.13.

Corn—Car lots for local trade, as to location, No. 2 yellow, 82½@84c; do do, steamer yellow, 82½@83c; do do, No. 3 yellow, 81½@82c; do do, No. 4 yellow, 79½@80½c; sample yellow, 75½@77½c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 51½@52c; standard white, 51@51½c; No. 3 white, 50@50½c; No. 4 white, 48@49c; sample, 46@46½c; purified oats, 50@50½c.

Butter — Western solid-packed creamery, fancy, specials, 37c; extras, 34½@35c; firsts, 34c; seconds, 33@33½c; nearby prints, fancy, 38c; do do, average, extras, 37c; do do, firsts, 35@36c; do do, seconds, 33@34c; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 41@44c.

Eggs—Nearby extras, 26c per dozen; nearby firsts, $6.75 per standard case; do do, nearby, current receipts, $6.60 per case; Western extras, 24@25c per dozen; do do, Western, extra firsts, $6.75 per case; do do, firsts, $6.60 per case; Southern, $6.15@6.45 per case; fancy selected, candled jobbing at 27@29c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, 19@26c; roosters, 12@13c; spring chickens, according to quality, weighing 1@2 pounds apiece, 34@38c; ducks, as to size and quality, 18@20c; geese, 17@19c; pigeons, old, per pair, 28@30c; do do, young, per pair, 20@22c.

Cheese — New York, full cream, fancy, held, 19@19¼c; specials, higher; do do, fair to good, held, 18@18½c; do do, part skims, 11@16c.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red, spot and April, 116c; No. 2 red Western spot and April, 116¾c.

Corn—Spot and April, 81½c; May, 81½.

Oats—Standard white, 51c; No. 3 white, 49; No. 4 white, 46½@47.

Rye—No. 2 rye, Western, $1.01@1.02; No. 3, do, 97@98c; No. 4, do, 96@97; bag lots, nearby, as to quality, 80@88.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $23@23.50; No. 2, do, $22@22.50; No. 3, do, $18@20; light clover mixed, $20.50@21; No. 1, do, $20; No. 2, do, $16@18; choice clover, nominal, $17@17.50; No. 1, do, $16@16.50; No. 2, do, $11@13; No. 3, do, $9@10.50.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, $14.50@15; No. 2, do, $12.50@13; No. 1 tangled rye, $11@11.50; No. 2, do, $10@10.50; No. 1 wheat, $9.50; No. 2, do, $8@8.50; No. 1 oat, $11; No. 2, do, $10@10.50.

Butter — Creamery, fancy, 35½@36½; do, choice, 34@35; do, good, 32@33; do, prints, 36@38; do, blocks, 35@37. Ladles, 26@27; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 26@27; Ohio rolls, 25@26; West Virginia rolls, 25@26; storepacked, 24@25; Maryland, Virginia, and Pennsylvania dairy prints, 26@27; process butter, 30@31.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 22c; Western do, 22; West Virginia, do, 21½; Southern, do, 20@20½.

Live Poultry—Chickens, old hens, 4 lbs and over, 19c; do, old hens, small to medium, 19; do, old roosters, 10@11; do, spring 1 to 1¼ lbs and over, 38@40; do, winter, 2 lbs and under, 32@35; do, young, large smooth, fat, 22@24; do, do, rough and staggy, 19; ducks, young Pekings, 3 lbs and over, 19; do, do, puddle, do, do, do, 18; do, do, muscovy, do, do, do, 17; do, do, smaller 16; pigeons, young, per pr, 30; do, old, do, 30; guinea fowl, old, ea, 40.

Live Stock

ST. LOUIS.—Hogs, pigs and lights, $7.50@9.75; mixed and butchers', $9.60@9.90; good heavy, $9.85@9.95.

Cattle—Native beef steers, $7.50@10; yearling steers and beefers, $8.50@10; cows, $5.50@8.50; Texas and Oklahoma steers, $5.75@8.75; cows and heifers, $4@6; native calves, $6@10.75.

Sheep—Yearling wethers, $9@10.75; lambs, $10@11.50; ewes, $7.50@8.85.

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Cattle—Choice $8.80@9.35; prime, $9.50@9.75.

Sheep — Prime wethers, $7.80@8; cull and common, $4@5.50; lambs, $6.50@10; veal calves, $9.50@10.50.

Hogs—Prime heavies, mediums and heavy Yorkers, $10.05@10.10; light Yorkers, $9.50@9.65; pigs, $9@9.25; roughs, $8.75@9.

CHICAGO. — Hogs — Bulk, $9.70@9.85; light, $9.40@9.95; mixed, $9.50@9.90; heavy, $9.40@9.95; rough, $9.40@9.55; pigs, $7.30@9.15.

Cattle—Native beef steers, $7.85@9.85; stockers and feeders, $5.80@8.60; cows and heifers, $4@9.20; calves, $6.25@9.25.

Sheep—Wethers, $6.50@9; ewes, $5@8.75; lambs, $7.25@11.50.

KANSAS CITY, MO.—Hogs—Bulk, $9.55@9.80; heavy, $9.75@9.85; packers and butchers, $9.65@9.80; light, $9.50@9.75; pigs, $8.25@9.25.

If you Suffer from Backache, Lumbago, Kidneys or Rheumatism, Take Hot Water and "ANURIC"

American men and women must guard constantly against kidney trouble, because we eat too much and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out, they weaken from overwork, become sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health.

When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead, when your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment, or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night, when you suffer with sick headache or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or you have rheumatism when the weather is bad, get from your druggist—"ANURIC." Because of uric acid in overabundance in the system, backache, pains here and there, rheumatism, gout, gravel, neuralgia and sciatica result. It was Dr. Pierce who discovered a new agent, called "Anuric," which will throw out and eradicate this uric acid from the system. Dr. Pierce believes "Anuric" to be 37 times more potent than *lithia*, and consequently you need no longer fear muscular or articular rheumatism or gout, or many other diseases which are dependent on an accumulation of uric acid within the body. Send Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., 10c for trial package or $1.00 for full treatment "Anuric."

Dr. Pierce's reputation is back of this medicine and you know that his "Pleasant Pellets" for the liver and his "Favorite Prescription," for the ills of women have had a splendid reputation for the past 50 years. Adv.

LOST HER FAITH IN BOOKS

How Small Marian's Mind Underwent a Complete Revision as to the Abodes of Kings.

Marian has an open mind and is always willing to have opinions she has framed, changed.

"Mamma," she said, looking up from a book of fairy tales, "do you know that castles are solid gold and have solid gold furniture?"

"Those are fairy castles," replied mother. "Real castles are built of brick and stone, and the furniture is very fine, but not of gold."

A few minutes elapsed.

"Say, mamma, you can't believe anything you read in these books, can you? I'll bet a lot of real poor kings live in shacks and don't even keep a hired girl."—Indianapolis News.

SUFFERING BABY RELIEVED AT ONCE

Mr. H. J. Lamar, Macon, Ga., writes: "We used Hancock Sulphur Compound on our one-year-old baby who was suffering intensely from prickly heat and a half dozen applications, in the course of 2 days, entirely relieved her. When we first applied it, she was broken out almost over her entire body, causing fretfulness and loss of sleep, but she has not suffered since. You should recommend the Sulphur Compound strongly to mothers as many children suffer so much from heat. We also used a tablespoonful in her bath for 3 days and it proved very soothing."

Hancock Sulphur Compound and Ointment are sold by all dealers. Hancock Liquid Sulphur Co., Baltimore, Md. Write for Booklet.—Adv.

The American Way.

The Stranger—Why are you driving the car so fast?

The American—To get to the ferry.

(Later at ferry.)

The American—We have 20 minutes to spare.

The Stranger—I know it. In this country you will race the car, burn up gasoline, imperil lives, run the chance of being arrested and kill a chicken to gain 20 minutes for which you have no use when you get them.

ELIXIR BABEK WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD IN THE PHILIPPINES. "I contracted malaria in 1896, and after a year's fruitless treatment by a prominent Washington physician, your **Elixir Babek** entirely cured me. On arriving here I came down with tropical malaria—the worst form—and sent home for **Babek.** Again it proved its value—It is worth its weight in gold here." Brasle O'Hagan, Troop E, 8th U. S. Cavalry, Balayan, Philippines. **Elixir Babek,** 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcels Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

No Objection.

"This war is making everything more expensive," complained father. "I see by the paper that even castor oil is going up."

"That's nothing in my young life," said little Johnny. "The only time it worries me is when it's going down."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Selfishness is the one thing that stands between some people and happiness.

The absent are always in the wrong.

How It Impressed Him.

Willie's father was trying to impress upon him the tremendous progress that science and invention have made in the past fifty years.

"Just think, Willie," he said. "When I was a boy there were no telephones, no electric lights, no talking machines, no moving pictures, no X-rays, no wireless telegraphy, no—"

"Gee," interrupted Willie. "What an awful lot of hicks everybody must have been!"

Severe.

"Stealing a kiss is no crime."

"No? Then why does a man get a life sentence if he is caught at it?"

Too many men turn down a paying job for reform work that doesn't pay them anything.

For Spavin

curb, splint, sweeny, wounds, swellings, galls, sprains, scratches, collar boils, etc. Yager's Liniment gives the most satisfactory results. It dispels the pain and stiffness and absorbs the swellings very quickly.

YAGER'S LINIMENT

Recommended by Driver and Trainer

Mr. B. L. Tuft, Salem, N. J., writes: "Yager's Liniment is the most wonderful horse liniment I ever used. Have been handling and training horses for speed for 20 years and have had hundreds of different brands of so-called horse remedies. I wish your liniment the large sale it deserves and recommend it most highly."—Driver and Trainer, W. Penn. Record 2:12¾.

Put up in large bottles containing eight ounces.

At all dealers. 25c a bottle.

Prepared by GILBERT BROS. & CO., Inc. BALTIMORE, MD.

Why not do something for your Corns, Callouses, Bunions, and Aching, Tired, Tender, Sweaty, Swollen

FEET

A hot foot bath with

JOHNSON'S FOOT SOAP

will relieve them at once and make life worth living. The safe and sure remedy composed of the oil and reliable ingredients—Borax, Iodine, and Bran. 25c per cake at first class druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of the price by the manufacturers. THOMAS GILL SOAP CO., 711-717 East Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WHO IS TO BLAME Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Thousands recommend Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the great kidney remedy. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. You may receive a sample size bottle by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

Bumper Grain Crops

Good Markets—High Prices

Prizes Awarded to Western Canada for Wheat, Oats, Barley, Alfalfa and Grasses

The winnings of Western Canada at the Soil Products Exposition at Denver were easily made. The list comprised Wheat, Oats, Barley and Grasses, the most important being the prizes for Wheat and Oats and sweep stake on Alfalfa.

No less important than the splendid quality of Western Canada's wheat and other grains, is the excellence of the cattle fed and fattened on the grasses of that country. A recent shipment of cattle to Chicago topped the market in that city for quality and price.

Western Canada produced in 1915 one-third as much wheat as all of the United States, or over 300,000,000 bushels.

Canada in proportion to population has a greater exportable surplus of wheat this year than any country in the world, and at present prices you can figure out the revenue for the producer. In Western Canada you will find good markets, splendid schools, exceptional social conditions, perfect climate and other great attractions. **There is no war tax on land and no conscription.**

Send for illustrated pamphlet and ask for reduced railway rates, information as to best locations, etc. Address Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

J. P. JAFFRAY, Cor. Walnut and Broad Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

Canadian Government Agent

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

CENTRE HALL - - PENN'A.

THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1916

SMITH & BAILEY . . . . . Proprietors
S. W. SMITH . . . . . Editor
EDWARD E. BAILEY { Local Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as second Class mail matter.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one and one-half dollars per year.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Methodist—Sprucetown, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Lutheran—Georges Valley, morning; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Reformed—Centre Hall, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon.

United Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning, Mother's Day exercises; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening, Mother's Day exercises.

Every Democrat should get a sample ballot and study it before the primary election. You will want to vote for the right men.

You Can Trust Orvis.

Penrose and Bonnewell are interested in the same things. Bonnewell wants the Democratic nomination for United States Senator so that he can assist Penrose at the November election in electing Penrose's man. Bonnewell was elected a Judge in Philadelphia by the Penrose crowd, now he wants to sell out his party for favors received. Hon. Ellis L. Orvis was never guilty of such party treachery, is a man of ability and integrity and would be a credit to his party and the State if sent to the United States Senate. You can trust Orvis.

Scranton Editor Wants Nomination.

Proud of having helped by his vote to nominate Woodrow Wilson for president of the United States, at Baltimore, four years ago, Edward J. Lynett, editor and publisher of the Scranton (Pa.) Times, wants to again participate in the renaming by the Democrats of the nation of this truly great president. Mr. Lynett is a candidate for delegate-at-large on the Democratic ticket.

There is no more steadfast advocate of the principles of Jefferson, Jackson Wilson than Editor Lynett. He is unswerving in his loyalty to President Wilson and his policies. For a quarter of a century Editor Lynett has been a power in state Democratic politics. His election as national delegate-at-large will be a fitting tribute to his worth as a Democrat.

LOCALS

Sunday is Mother's Day. Wear a white carnation in honor of your best friend.

Farmer George E. Heckman drives to town in a new Ford touring car which he purchased a short time ago.

George A. Hettinger, of Farmers Mills, was a caller at this office on Tuesday. He reports the farmers in his section busy sowing oats.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph L. Runkle, of Bellefonte, were in town Monday evening, the former being called to do some repair work on a boiler for L. L. Smith.

Clyde Bradford and Mrs. E. S. Ripka are attending the sessions of the Grand Castle, Knights of the Golden Eagle, which are being held in Reading this week.

The annual Korman reunion will be held at Grange Park, Centre Hall, Saturday, June 24th. Amusements of all kind. Everybody cordially invited.—C. W. KORMAN.

Girl Wanted.—A girl, 16 to 18 years of age, to do light work in a bakery, and make her home with the family. Address or telephone the Centre Hall Bakery, Centre Hall, Pa.

Rev. and Mrs. R. R. Jones are attending the commencement exercises of the Theological Seminary of Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, to-day. Their youngest son, Victor Jones, graduates with high honors.

The undersigned has on hand a quantity of roof paint which he guarantees to give the best of service for from five to ten years. With the use of "Seal-tite" he can patch up an old roof to again be like new. These materials can be bought and applied by purchaser or I will do the work.—F. M. ACKERMAN, Spring Mills, Pa. 2t.

The State-Centre Electric Company, who have the contract for lighting this borough, last week were granted a franchise to operate in the borough of Beech Creek. The franchise is perpetual but not exclusive. The company has two years time in which to install the service. Three other companies were after the same business. The proposed line will run from the Milesburg plant down the valley, to Beech Creek, Clinton county, and will pass through the towns of Mt. Eagle, Curtin, Howard and Blanchard in Centre county.

Rev. Stauffer Resigns Pastorate.

Rev. A. G. Struffer, pastor of the Rebersburg Reformed charge, announced to his congregation Sunday evening that he had accepted a call to Hawthorne, Clarion county, and that his resignation at Rebersburg would take effect Monday, May 29th. Rev. Stauffer served his present pastorate for five and one-half years and it was with much regret that his people heard of his intention to leave them.

The church council already has several applications in hand for the charge.

Installed Lutheran Pastor.

Rev. L. N. Fleck was installed as pastor of the Pine Grove Mills Lutheran charge on Sunday. Rev. B. F. Bieber of West Milton, had charge of the installation ceremonies, being assisted in the afternoon by Rev. W. H. Traub, of State College, at Gatesburg, the other appointment on the charge. The services at Pine Grove Mills were held Sunday evening.

Mrs. La Mance to Speak.

Mrs. Loura S. La Mance, national organizer and lecturer for the W. C. T. U., will speak on the diamond, Centre Hall, Tuesday afternoon of next week, at 2:30 o'clock. Mrs. La Mance has been in the field for twenty years, and is accustomed to addressing open air meetings.

Millheim.

George Miller was in town several days last week.

The boy scouts will soon be out with new uniforms.

J. C. Smith of State College was in town one day last week.

R. S. Stover is having his house repainted, C. W. Miller doing the work.

The carpenters have put a bay window in P. P. Leitzell's home on Penn street.

Harry Hassinger is a delegate to the K. G. E. convention at Reading this week.

Calvin Smith has been suffering from tonsilitis and is still confined to the house.

Frank Davis and family of Bellefonte, were visiting relatives and friends here Saturday.

Joseph Hoffman, having a short furlough, spent a week here with his parents.

Mrs. Sara Orndorf is having a concrete walk built in front of her home on Penn street.

Ed. Royer of Centre Hall spent a few days the past week at the home of his brother, Charles.

Miss Flossie Huston, of New Port, spent a few days last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Auman.

There is a man who never does any thing that is not right. His wife can tell just where he is, morning, noon and night: He's dead.

On Sunday afternoon someone driving a Ford tried to crawl up on W. E. Keen's porch on Penn street. What he was doing on the side walk underneath the trees is hard to understand, unless he may have seen an automobile coming.

Is Millheim retrograding in one of its most vital interests, namely, its schools? There certainly can be no progress without interest, and since this has been a minus quantity with our present board of school directors it appears as though our schools are on the downward path unless a change in spirit of the present incumbents takes place or a change in the personell is made. The past term has seen the appearance of only one member at any of the school sessions. Several times during a few months preceding commencement the members of the high school gave entertainments, also a festival, for the purpose of raising money for incidentals for graduation exercises, also purchased a beautiful large flag for the pole on the school building. Class day exercises, Friday evening, brought out a good crowd, filling the auditorium, for every one knows that were Miss Bessie Shelton is to appear before the public it has the assurance of a good laugh, and no one has yet been disappointed. Miss Shelton usually has the clown part and she certainly plays it to the Queen's taste; however, when the time arrived to present the flag not one member of the school board was present to receive it. Shame! It's a question in the minds of some of those present if the directors really knew of class day exercises. We know of several of the class, (and possibly all of them) who feel offended owing to the negligence on the part of the directors in failing to attend these exercises and especially, during commencement. They should at least have honored the class by their presence.

Potters Mills

Mrs. Henshal spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wilkinson.

William Wilkinson, of Harrisburg, is visiting his brother John at this place.

Jesse McClenahan was in Bellefonte a few days and had his car done up in fine style and is now ready for trips any distance.

The Epworth League anniversary will be celebrated at Sprucetown, May 14th. The title of the program is "Tribute to Mother". Everybody is invited.

REBERSBURG

Mrs. C. O. Mallory is spending this week at Pittsburgh with relatives.

The cherry trees in this section are in full bloom and we look for a full cherry crop.

Harry Brungart and wife, of Pittsburgh, are this week visiting the former's brother, Victor.

The health of Daniel Weaver, an old Civil war veteran, who resides at Wolfs Store, is fast failing.

Edwin Weaver, of Lewisburg, is spending a week under the parental roof at this place.

Mrs. Edwin Smull and children, of Mifflinburg, spent the past week at this place among relatives.

Fred Esterline, farmer on the Cornelius Bower farm near Wolfs Store, is seriously ill with pneumonia.

Mrs. Harry Sowers and children of State College, spent a few days this week among relatives at this place.

Mrs. Elory Orndorf and daughter Ethel, of Penn Hall, visited at the home of Allen Brungart this week.

James P. Frank, who spent the past winter at Philipsburg, with his son Orvis, returned to this place on Friday to spend the summer months.

George Stoner and wife and Miss Jersey Adams, all of Livons, spent last Tuesday at the home of Monassas Gilbert.

We regret to have to part with Rev. Stauffer, who handed in his resignation as pastor of the Reformed charge. He has accepted a call to Clarion county.

Victor Brungart and family will leave today (Thursday) for Lewisburg to attend the family reunion at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Newton Brungart.

BOALSBURG.

Misses Martha and Elsie Boal of Centre Hall visited Miss Rose Woods.

Mrs. Charles Segner and two children spent Friday at Bellefonte.

Miss Esther Mung, of Pine Grove Mills, visited Miss Elsie Rishel.

Miss Margaretta Goheen spent Saturday and Sunday at State College.

Miss Rose McCormick, of Hublersburg, visited her aunt, Mrs. J. A. Fortney.

Chester K. Lehman returned to his home in Lancaster on Saturday, after teaching a term of school here.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Courtney, of McClure, visited the former's parents, Rev. and Mrs. G. L. Courtney.

Mrs. Robert Harter of State College visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. I. Ross.

Miss Annie Lohr attended the funeral of her nephew, at Bellefonte, on Friday.

Miss Sarah J. Keller returned to her home on Monday after spending the winter with her sister, Mrs. Hall, at Wilmington.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Kreamer, of State College, and Mrs. Sumner Miller, of Rock Springs, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Rowe.

C. U. Wieland accompanied his wife and son Robert to Mt. Union where he will remain until they get settled in their new home. Mr. Wieland will then return to Boalsburg for an indefinite time.

Linden Hall

Miss Phoebe Potter spent Tuesday with friends in Centre Hall.

Miss Irene Ross is at Axemann taking care of Miss White, who is recovering from an operation.

Mr. and Mrs. John Reifsnyder are spending a week with friends in Lamar. During Mr. Reifsnyder's absence his brother is running the mill.

Ned Keller, who graduates in June from Selinsgrove, will deliver a lecture on Sunday evening in the Lutheran church in Sunbury.

Miss Ruth Ross will graduate from the Altoona hospital training school for nurses on May 16th. The commencement exercises will be held in Jaffa Temple.

Elwood Stover, the youngest son of Rev. and Mrs. Stover, underwent an operation in the Bellefonte hospital on Monday afternoon for appendicitis. He is getting along as well as can be expected owing to the seriousness of his condition.

Mrs. Mary Carper, who has been with her grandson, Enos Rupp, near Pittsburgh, is visiting her brother, John Carper. She has with her a granddaughter, Miss Lydia Zeigler, who will spend a few days here before going to State College to visit her uncle, Adam Zeigler.

Georges Valley

E. D. Foust and Harry Lingle were Centre Hall visitors on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Lingle and son Newton spent Sunday at the home of their daughter, Mrs. John Vonsds.

E. L. Lingle came home on Saturday from Woolrich where he had been employed.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gobble spent Sunday at the home of their son, S. E. Gobble.

James Foust and granddaughter, Miss Myrtle McClellan, spent Sunday at the home of W. F. McClellan, at Spring Mills.

Adam Mingle and H. E. Mingle, of Schuylkill Haven, returned to their homes on Monday after spending a few days at the home of their friend, G. W. Breon.

Centre County Y. W. C. A.

The True Blue Common Weal Club at Lemont is starting to study "Christianship for Girls" in connection with their other work.

The Spring Mills Club deferred complete organization to give time to the practice of a play which proved most successful from every point of view.

The Branch Common Weal Club: The play given by this club proved so successful that it is to be repeated in a nearby town for the benefit of the county work. This is the club that comes in to the College every week to take cooking lessons.

Center Furnace: The activities of the Common Weal Club here have been centered around tomato and lettuce gardening, crocheting, and learning the Helen Gould Sheppard Bible verses. Mrs. Sheppard offers a handsome Bible for learning certain passages, with the owner's name thereon. (Anyone who is interested may secure further information from the county secretary.)

The latest club is the Common Weal Club at Oak Hall. The girls have decided to study a combination course in sewing and embroidery, have Bible study, and plan some form of entertainment and help for the little girls. They aim to learn one new game at each meeting. They are also hoping to have a bird lecture given in the school house May 13th and to take some bird walks later.

Howard Branch has undertaken the standard course in sewing offered by the Extension Department of the State College, and leading to a certificate. The work will be supervised by Miss Newcombe of the Extension Department. These girls recently presented the pageant "Girls of Yesterday and Today" thereby making the work of the Y. W. C. A. better understood and also securing a sum of money for the local and county work by a silver offering. A baby party was enjoyed by all the members. In connection with the Y. W. C. A. the girls are planning to fix up a tennis court for the use of both associations.

State College Branch: A room has been secured and attractively fitted for the use of various classes and clubs, resting and reading. Classes are being conducted in basketry, crocheting, Spanish conversation, Bible, gymnasium, folk dancing, and nature study. A splendid High school club has been organized with the following purpose drawn up by the club members: "The purpose of this club shall be to create, maintain and promote throughout our school Christian ideals of living in doing service for others, upholding honor, developing co-operation, promoting neatness and cleanliness in the school, maintaining good scholarship and having the right kind of a good time."

Snow Shoe Branch: A large room suitable for many purposes has been rented and artistically papered red, and is being gradually furnished. At the next meeting the girls are planning to come in the afternoon to make rag rugs, and if the weather permits to take a bird walk and enjoy a picnic supper before the evening meeting. The room is called "Community Hall" and is to be at the disposal of the community. Classes in gymnasium and cooking are to be started, the latter to be introduced by a lecture given by Miss S. C. Lovejoy, Dean of the Department of Home Economics of the Pennsylvania State College. This lecture which will be of great interest and help will be open to all girls and women of the community. It is to be given on May 15th.

The Man Who Forgot.

Katherine Oliver McCoy, the 'Queen of Dramatic Readers," will render her thrilling impersonation of "The Man Who Forgot" on Monday, May 15th, in the Court House, Bellefonte, at 8:00 p. m., under the auspices of the Flying Squadron Foundation.

Admission to this recital is free. The public is cordially invited. Rev. J. J. Davis, soloist, of Indianapolis, Ind., will accompany Mrs. McCoy.

PENN HALL

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wise spent Sunday at the home of Matthias Weagley.

Florence Bartges and Jennie Albright spent Friday with their friend, Irma Shook.

Edwin Musser spent Sunday with his friends, Charles and Christie Shook.

Arch Decker and family, from Mifflinburg visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hennigh over Sunday.

Florence Bartges and Edwin Musser were appointed to attend the County Sunday-school convention, which is to be held at Howard.

Maggie Seltzsinger, who underwent an operation in the Bellefonte hospital four months ago was brought home by Dr. Rogers last Thursday.

On Sunday morning Rev. Geesey will preach a Mother's day sermon at this place in the Lutheran church. Every body is invited to attend.

William Hosterman, accompanied by James Harter, from Altoona, both students at State College, visited the former's parents at this place over Sunday.

The Centre Co. W. C. T. U. Convention.

The 31st annual convention of The Centre County Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held at State College, Thursday and Friday of next week in the Presbyterian church.

Mrs. La Mance will speak on Thursday afternoon and evening.

On Friday afternoon at 2:20 Dean Arthur Holmes of the College Faculty will speak on "The Psychology of Alcoholism." President Edwin Earle Sparks, Dr. Fred L. Pattee, Dean Thomas Blaisdell and Dr. Irving L. Foster will each address the convention at various times during its sessions.

Visitors and non-members will be most welcome. The delegates and members will be entertained by the State College W. C. T. U. All the latter who are coming will please notify Mrs. A. S. Wright, President State College W. C. T. U.

Tusseyville

Mrs. Alice Robb, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Robb and children, and Mrs. Fisher, all of State College, spent Sunday at the home of the former's daughter, Mrs. Thomas S. Swartz.

Miss Bertha Rimmey, of Pleasant Gap, was the guest of Miss Grace Horner, one day last week.

Ladies' K. G. E. to Hold Festival.

The local order of the Ladies of the Golden Eagle will hold a festival in Grange Arcadia, Centre Hall, on the evening of Memorial Day—May 30th. Ice cream, cake, coffee and strawberries will be served.

George Miller, father of Sterling Miller, of Rebersburg, dropped over dead at his home at Tylersville, Monday morning. His age was sixty-seven years.

Bread is the staff of live, but lots of us subsist on pay-rolls.

The people who are always looking for the worst of it are seldom disappointed.

Many a man has an idea he is going to get into heaven by putting his religion in his wife's name.

Public Sale.

SATURDAY, MAY 13th, at one o'clock, Mrs M. A. Woods, Executrix of the estate of Mary Margaret Woods, late of Spring Mills, deceased, will sell house and lot of said decedant in village of Spring Mills; also lot of household goods. Wm. Goheen, auctioneer.

SEED POTATOES FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale a lot of choice seed potatoes, of the Standard variety. There is no better yielding potato than the Standard.—J. W. MITTERLING, Centre Hall, Pa.

The Centre Reporter, $1.50 a year.

A MODERN DRUG STORE

The Centre Hall Pharmacy

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT this long-established drug house has been renovated and better equipped so that it will be among the best drug stores in the county. Our stock is being hastily replenished and many new lines will be added. It shall be our aim to conduct an up-to-the-minute drug store where you may procure everything found in any other modern pharmacy. We feel that our efforts will be appreciated.

PERSCRIPTION WORK will be taken care of by a graduate pharmacist, who will always be on hand to attend to your needs.

New Goods Arriving Continually
Try Our Perfumes & Toilet Articles
Full Line of Baseball Goods
has been ordered and is expected to arrive soon.

WATCH THIS SPACE FOR NEW THINGS

PAY THE NEW STORE A VISIT

Worry About Style if You Want to--But Wear Our Clothes if You Don't

OUR SPRING AND SUMMER MODELS

in Ladies' and Gentlemen's Ready-for-Service Clothes interpret the prevailing mode, correctly, conservatively, and distinctively. They are not extreme or faddish—but they have a positive character that expresses good taste and good style.

For MAY month we received a new and handsome line of

Women's & Children's Lingere Dresses
EMBROIDERY, VOILES, ORGANDIE, etc.
New Coats for warm days & cool ev'gs
SILK POPLIN, EAILLE, TAFFETA, etc.

We just unpacked a new and handsome line of

MEN'S CLOTHING

So many exclusive styles for the young men. Before buying your next suit look over our line.

Don't forget about our STRAW HATS
We have the line—Panamas, Milans, etc.

A beautiful array of Shoes and Oxfords
can be found in our store for men, women and children. Every style, color, leather or cut you may prefer at the most reasonable rates.

Ladies, we invite you to inspect our line of WAISTS
all the most up-to-the-minute styles for warm weather wear.

A complete line of WASH SKIRTS—
with a complete line for full dress wear.

We are Giving SPECIAL PRICES During MAY
so we wish to have you purchase while the selections are complete. BUY NOW and supply your wants and wishes at

KESSLER'S DEP'T STORE
MILLHEIM
"THE HOME OF GOOD VALUES AND MATERIALS"

LOCALS

Progress Grange will meet on Saturday evening.

Remember, Tuesday May 16th, is the date for the Primary election.

Buzz! Buzz! Buzz! Soon it will be a million if you don't swat him now.

Clayburn Breon, of Millheim, who was employed by liveryman L. L. Smith, gave up his job on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Spayd are the proud parents of a baby boy. The lad and the mother are doing nicely.

Thomas C. Bartges, of Earlystown, was confined to bed last week, suffering from a touch of typhoid fever.

Dr. Van Tries, of Bellefonte, was taken seriously ill at Atlantic City and is now in a critical condition, complications having set in.

MEN AND BOYS WANTED.—Good wages; steady work; bonus system.—Hayes Run Fire Brick Company, I. L. Harvey, treasurer. o.20.

Miss Anna Stover, who is employed as a trained nurse in the State sanitarium at Cresson, is spending a short time with her sisters in this place.

Elmer Miller, teacher of the grammar school, left for Milroy on Monday morning where he has been engaged to do considerable work in the painting line.

Ralph E. Rockey, of Boalsburg, who this spring started farming on his mother's farm, known as the Stamm farm, was a brief caller at this office, Tuesday.

Attend Fromm's Fire Sale at State College for real bargains. Sale starts tomorrow (Friday) and lasts for eight days. Everything in clothing and shoes.

Prof. W. O. Heckman opened the Centre Hall Summer Normal on Monday morning with a class of twenty-one, among whom are a number who are preparing to teach. The term lasts for six weeks.

Kerlin's Grand View Poultry farm received an order for baby chicks from Vancouver, British Columbia. When the little fluffies reach their destination they will be something like four thousand miles from here.

The work of planting a quarter million trees on the Greens Valley State Forest lands by Forester Barnes and force of twenty men is rapidly progressing. More than 165,000 have been placed in the grounds up to the present time.

Mr. and Mrs. David J. Meyer, who spent the greater part of the winter season with their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McCormick, at Columbia, South Carolina, returned to Centre Hall Saturday morning and again opened their pretty home.

Byron Garis and a force of six men are excavating a cellar and laying foundation walls preparatory to the building of a camp cottage at Ingleby, in the Paddy Mountain district. A number of professional men from the east will use the place which is in the heart of the best hunting and fishing grounds.

Monday morning testimony for and against declaring the road from the Isaac Smith property to the Rossman corner, near Penns cave, a distance of about a half mile, a public thoroughfare, was heard by the road viewers in the grand jury room, in the court house. Eighteen or twenty witnesses were heard.

Eighteen ministers and sixteen lay delegates attended the sessions of the Northern Conference of the Lutheran church of the Central Pennsylvania Synod, held in the Lutheran church in this place, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. Many interesting subjects were discussed and there was a fair attendance at the various sessions.

Section boss A. S. Krebs and force of men are loading a car of old ties, west of Centre Hall, which the Pennsy will ship to the White Rock quarries for use in burning lime. The old custom of giving worn out ties for the taking away has been abandoned by the railroad company, and now they realize a few cents a tie on their sale.

The firm of Zettle and Lucas last week secured the contract for erecting a State house on the Seven Mountains State Forest lands, over which Forester William E. Montgomery has supervision. The building will be located near the site of the old toll gate, south of Potters Mills, and operations will begin as soon as the planting of seedlings is completed.

Yoder Brothers sold a load of Kansas horses at Rebersburg on Tuesday, twenty-three head averaging $221.58. The purchasers were: Geo. E. Brindle, 3; Noah Zimmerman, 3; Harry Gilmore, 2; Simon Zimmerman, 3; H. B. Haugh, 2; A. B. Meyer, 2; John Hubler, Chas. Witmer, Hale Ross, W. F. Musser, H. A. Meyer, James Holloway, M. Weagley, B. A. Wilson.

Col J. L. Spangler will be the speaker at the Memorial services at Rebersburg and Madisonburg, at the hours of 10 a. m. and 9 a. m., respectively. The services on this occasion will be of more than ordinary interest and especially to the Spanglers, for on Memorial Day a marker to the memory of George Christian Spangler, a Revolutionary soldier, will be unveiled. A special program has been arranged for the occasion, and a large attendance is assured.

Teachers' Examination in Centre County.

Superintendent D. O. Etters has issued the dates for holding teachers' examinations in Centre county. They are as follows:

Millheim and Spring Mills, May 22.
Eagleville and Howard, May 23.
Port Matilda and Snow Shoe, May 24.
Bellefonte and State College, June 8.
Philipsburg, June 28.
Special—Bellefonte, June 30.
Special—Bellefonte, July 14.
Professional—Bellefonte, August 4 and 5.

Reunion of Love-Jordan Families.

The 21st annual reunion of the Love-Jordan families will be held on Saturday, June 24, in W. W. Tate's grove, in Benner township. All relatives and friends are cordially invited. —MRS. CHARLES WHITEHILL.

Spring Mills to Have Good Lecturer.

Mrs. Loura F. La Mance, National W. C. T. U. organizer and lecturer, will speak in the United Evangelical church in Spring Mills, Wednesday evening, May 17th.

Marriage Licenses.

Samuel S. Bowmaster, State College
Elsie E. Laird, State College.

Aaronsburg.

Clayton Leitzell, of Illinois, was the guest of his mother and sister.

Monday afternoon there was quite a hail storm hereabouts.

Miss Lottie Musser spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Amanda Musser.

Rev. Hoover, of Hublersburg, was in town Monday morning in his Jackson car.

Mrs. Gustie Edmonds is spending an indefinite time with her daughter, Mrs. C. A. Weaver, at Coburn.

Housecleaning, garden digging, potato planting, are all the go just now.

Charles Wolf, who is a great sufferer from heart trouble, is in a serious condition at this writing.

The Strohm sisters, from Orangeville, Illinois, are here with their aged invalid aunt, Mrs. Lydia Meyer.

One of our aged citizens—Cornelius Bower—is not enjoying good health at present. He is in a very weakened condition.

Mrs. T. C. Weaver and daughter, Mary Bradford, spent Sunday at Wolfs Store with Ray Stover and family.

Mrs. Thomas Meyer, from Coburn, visited her sister, Mrs. Weaver, for a short time and then went to Fiedler to visit the Frank Guisewite family.

Frank Haines and daughter, Miss Clara, from South Dakota, and George Hosterman, from one of the lower counties, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Haines a few days last week.

Albert Mingle, one of our energetic young men, left on Tuesday morning for Akron, Ohio, to resume work. He had been home since last fall attending High school under Prof. Stapleton.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Wolf, in their Ford car, took Miss Meida Bower, the primary teacher, to the Lock Haven Normal, this week, and while in that city visited Mrs. Wolf's brother who is in the hospital there and whose condition is so much improved that he is ready to return to his home in Loganton.

Spring Mills.

Hon. William Allison, who was quite ill, is recovering slowly.

C. P. Long and father, J. D. Long, were Bellefonte visitors on Saturday.

The Commonweal club of the Y. W. C. A. met at Miss Ulrich's home and organized.

A teacher training class has been organized and will meet every Monday evening in the Reformed church.

Mrs. Sallie Snavely, of Mifflinburg, is spending some time with friends and relatives.

Mrs. G. C. King went to Reading on Monday as a delegate for the Temple, an auxiliary of the Golden Eagle lodge.

Adam Gotts hall, son and grandson, Mr. Mowey, Mr. Snyder and Mr. Matisick, all of Shamokin, have arrived at Poe Mills camp site No. 203, near Paddy Mountain, on the Penn State forest, for their annual spring camping trip. Mr. Gottshall comes to this place every year and is an experienced fisherman. He generally brings a good crowd with him and they are all enthusiastic over the fine fishing in Big Poe Creek and Penns Creek. This is one of the finest and most conveniently located camp sites on the Penn Forest. A party from Altoona, hunters and fishermen, with Mr. Robert Delisle as leader, have applied to the Commissioner of Forestry at Harrisburg for a lease for ten years on this site and if the lease is granted they expect to erect a stone fire-proof club house for a permanent camp. Many more desirable and well located camp sites are to be found on the Penn forest where fishing and hunting is to be had. Mr. Meek, of Coburn, is the forester in charge and he will be glad to take up the matter of a permanent camp with any parties having a desire to locate on the State forest land.

The W. C. T. U. will meet Saturday afternoon at the home of Mrs. S. W. Smith.

LOCALS.

The first farm tractor in Penns Valley did its initial work on the D. L. Bartges farm at Earlystown, last week. The engine walked right along all day, pulling two plows at a much faster gait than a team of horses can go. Kerosene is used in feeding the iron horse.

Mrs. C. U. Wieland was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry C. Shirk on Friday, leaving the next day for her new home in Mt. Union. For a number of years Mr. and Mrs. Wieland were residents of Boalsburg where Mr. Wieland was associated with A. E. Gingerich in the wagon building business. He is a skillful painter and will follow that work in his new home town.

Rev. and Mrs. B. F. Bieber and daughter Frances, of West Milton, were entertained at the E. M. Huyett home from Saturday until Wednesday. Rev. Bieber was kept busy while here, installing Rev. L. N. Fleck as pastor of the Pine Grove Mills Lutheran charge on Sunday, and attending the sessions of the Northern Conference in this place, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. They made the trip here and back in their touring car.

STATE AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

Farm labor is reported very scarce throughout the State and some districts report that the farmers are greatly handicapped by lack of help.

Many samples of lime are being received by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture for analysis in accordance with the new lime law which became effective January 1, 1916.

The low average price of wheat on April 1 was reported in Pennsylvania counties as follows: Perry, $1.03; Butler, Juniata and Snyder, $1.04; Armstrong, Washington and Cumberland, $1.05: Centre and Columbia, $1.06.

The best average price of wheat on April 1 was obtained in Pennsylvania counties as follows: Elk, $1.25; Warren, $1.23; Cameron, Luzerne, McKean and Potter, $1.20; Bradford, Monroe, Pike and Susquehanna, $1.18.

The Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture has brought suit against the Standard Linseed Company, of Cleveland, Ohio, for selling as pure linseed oil, an oil adulterated almost fifty per cent. with mineral oil. Two suits were brought in Wayne county and fines of fifty dollars paid in both instances.

The Washington county commissioners have asked for the aid of the State Police in killing unlicensed dogs. The work will be done in those districts where the constables have failed to kill the dogs as required by the State law. Each dog killed will be charged up against the constable at the rate of $2 each, and that sum taken from any costs due him from the county.

Potatoes ranged in price according to April reports from ninety cents to the farmers in Snyder county to $1.42 a bushel in Delaware and Philadelphia counties. In Beaver and Cameron counties the price paid was $1.40. The low prices were as follows: Snyder, 90 cents; Union, 95 cents; Crawford, 98 cents, and Centre, Clarion, Jefferson, Fulton, Lebanon and Potter, $1.00.

Transfers Real Estate.

J. L. Spangler et al to Mary E. Lambert, tract of land in Bellefonte. $200.

Julia C. Harvey et al to Charles E. Woodring, tract of land in State College. $1000.

William L. Foster et al to Charles E. Woodring, tract of land in State College. $2200.

Charles F. Hicks et al to Charles E. Woodring, tract of land in State College. $250.

Thomas Foster et al to Mary Homan, tract of land in State College. $500.

Thomas Foster et al to Geo. W. Homan, tract of land in State College. $450.

John Peters to Wm. J. White, tract of land in Union twp. $450.

E. A. Bartges et ux to L. E. Bartges, tract of land in Penn twp. $3915.

Wm. A. Allison to Michael B. Rich, tract of land in Gregg twp. $1000.

Michael B. Rich et al to Penn Milk Co., tract of land in Gregg twp. $1000.

Cyrus Brungart et ux to Harry L. Wetzel, tract of land in Penn twp. $250.

Gertrude Williams et bar to Al. L. Bowersox, tract of land in Ferguson twp. $1700.

Ellie Garman et bar to Willis Wion, tract of land in Bellefonte. $1950.

W. H. Blausser et ux to Bruce Ripka, tract of land in Potter twp. $80.

Annie Kern to George Z. Kern, tract of land in Miles twp. $600.

George Z. Kern et ux to John A. Herb, tract of land in Miles twp. $840.

Harry Evert to Elizabeth Evert et al, tract of land in Penn twp. $2100.

A. J. Stover, Exr., to W. L. Campbell, tract of land in Coburn. $1657.

John Hook et al to Theo. Davis Boal, tract of land in Harris twp. $950.

John Hook's Exr. to L. Mothersbaugh, tract of land in Harris twp. $2000.

James H. Neese et ux to James J. James, tract of land in Liberty twp. $2155.

A. B. Newman et ux to John L. Holmes, tract of land in State College. $2500.

Charles E. Woodring to Minnie Ziegler, tract of land in State College. $800.

THE MARKETS.

GRAIN

Corrected weekly by Bradford & Son.

Wheat	1.05
Corn	.70
Oats	.35
Barley	.55
Rye	.70

PRODUCE AT STORES

Butter	.30
Eggs	.16
Lard	.09

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS

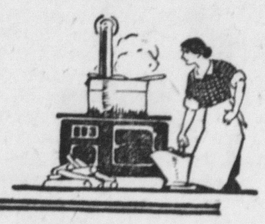
HOUSE FOR RENT.—One half of the double dwelling house, located on East Church street, and containing seven rooms and bath, is offered for rent. Place will be vacated April1 st. If tenant desires, will put in electric light. Inquire of Mrs. H. J. LAMBERT, State College, Pa. Bell phone.

WANTED.—One of the large magazine publishing houses desires to employ an active man or woman in this community to handle a special plan which has proven unusually profitable. Good opening for right party. Address with two references, PUBLISHER, BOX 155, Times Sq., Sta., New York City. o.22

NOTARY PUBLIC—
D. A. BOOZER, Centre Hall, Pa.
All business pertaining to the appointment promptly executed. jan16 p'd

PRIME SEED BARLEY FOR SALE—The undersigned has about 100 bushels of prime seed barley which is offered for sale J. C. GOODHART, Centre Hall, Pa. Bell 'phone. 3t p'd

GOOD AUTO BODY FOR SALE.—Body of Ford touring car; seats upholstered in genuine leather; top in fair condition; paint on body good. You can have it at a bargain, but come quick.—F. V. GOODHART, Centre Hall, Pa. Bell phone.



Wipe the BLUE out of MONDAY

Monday is a hard day. But not so hard that it should give you the blues. Neither should the end of the day find you nervous, done out, fit for nothing but bed.

It's not necessary—not if you'll replace your range with a **New Perfection Oil Cook Stove.** For it's the range that's responsible for the fuss and the fume and for the terrible heat of the kitchen.

With a coal range there's no way out of keeping a roaring fire going the whole day long and just to heat a few boilers of water. But with a **Perfection** wash day loses its terrors. The flame is kept going only as long as it is in actual use, your kitchen can't become unduly warm, and meals can be prepared just as usual.

New **PERFECTION Oil Stove**

Ask your dealer to explain the conveniences of a **Perfection.** Then have him tell you how little kerosene it uses and how cheap kerosene is.

Don't think all kerosenes are the same. They're not. No more than all sugars are identical. Of course, you know that cane sugar is better than beet sugar and you buy accordingly.

But what, perhaps, you don't realize is that **Atlantic Rayolight Oil** differs from other kerosenes in that it burns without smoke or smell, without charring wicks, but with an intense heat. It never varies. Each gallon of **Rayolight** is precisely the same. And don't forget that the use of **Rayolight** lengthens the life of any oil-burning device.

Ask for **Atlantic Rayolight Oil** by name—at all dealers who display this sign:

ATLANTIC Rayolight OIL NOW SOLD HERE

THE ATLANTIC REFINING CO.

Philadelphia
Pittsburgh

TOWNE TOGS--

for Young Men

THE PREFERRED CLOTHES OF THE AMERICAN YOUNG MAN

There's hardly a young man in this broad land who isn't familiar with the nam of TOWNE TOGS--

And who doesn't know somehow or other that they are the Standard of Quality.

Quality of Style, first of all.
The fine free spirit of design that every man wants--the smart, new freshness that the designer puts into every line and swing of the coat; the even, custom tailored drape of the perfect fitting trousers.

Quality of Material, as well.
Clothes of guaranteed worth--patterns of distinctive beauty--tones and colors that stand out from the crowd.

We have these fine clothes--
our New Spring Stocks were never so widely varied. never so filled with the kind of styles our young men want.

There's lots of time--NOW. Later--we can't say. Come in today.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

BELLEFONTE

GERMANY YIELDS CONDITIONALLY

Concessions Proposed May Avert Rupture.

TO RESTRICT USE OF U-BOATS

Promises Submarines Will Not Sink Merchant Ships Except In Accordance With Law Of Visit and Search; But Expects United States To Compel Enemies To Conform To Recognized Rules Of War.

The German government has assured President Wilson that merchant vessels shall not be sunk without warning, or without visit and search, and that human lives shall be saved unless the ship attempts to escape or to offer resistance.

In effect, this is a compliance with the demand made by President Wilson in his vigorous note to Germany sent to Berlin three weeks ago last Wednesday.

President Wilson will accept the assurance of Germany in good faith that the German government will abandon the present method of submarine warfare, torpedoing defenseless ships without warning, and that he will regard the German pledge as an acceptable compliance with the American demand.

In such case, the United States might not reply to the note and would await evidence of the actual abandonment of Germany's present practices of submarine warfare which is declared.

Berlin (By Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.).—Following is the text of the note of the German Government in reply to the American note respecting submarine warfare, delivered by Gottlieb von Jagow, the Foreign Secretary, to Ambassador Gerard:

"The undersigned, on behalf of the Imperial German Government, has the honor to present to His Excelency the Ambassador of the United States, Mr. James W. Gerard, the following reply to the note of April 20 regarding the conduct of German submarine warfare.

"The German Government handed over to the proper naval authorities for early investigation the evidence concerning the Sussex as communicated by the Government of the United States.

Identical With Sussex.

"Judging by the results that the investigation has hitherto yielded, the German Government is alive to the possibility that the ship mentioned in the note of April 10 as having been torpedoed by a German submarine is actually identical with the Sussex.

"The German Government begs to reserve further communication on the matter until certain points are ascertained which are of decisive importance for establishing the facts of the case. Should it turn out that the commander was wrong in assuming the vessel to be a man of war, the German Government will not fail to draw the consequence resulting therefrom.

U. S. Charges Repudiated.

"In connection with the case of the Sussex the Government of the United States made a series of statements, the gist of which is the assertion that the incident is to be considered but one instance of a deliberate method of indiscriminate destruction of vessels of all sorts, nationalities and destinations by German submarine commanders.

"The German Government must emphatically repudiate the assertion. The German Government, however, thinks it of little avail to enter into details in the present stage of affairs, more particularly as the Government of the United States omitted to substantiate the assertion by reference to concrete facts.

Has Imposed Restraints.

"The German Government will only state that it has imposed far-reaching restraints upon the use of the submarine weapon, solely in consideration of neutrals' interests, in spite of the fact that these restrictions are necessarily of advantage to Germany's enemies. No such consideration has ever been shown neutrals by Great Britain and her allies.

"The German submarine forces have had, in fact, orders to conduct the submarine warfare in accordance with the general principles of visit and search and the destruction of merchant vessels recognized by international law, the sole exception being the conduct of warfare against enemy trade carried on enemy freight ships encountered in the war zone surrounding Great Britain. With regard to these no assurances have ever been given to the Government of the United States. No such assurances are contained in the declaration of February 8, 1916.

Executed In Good Faith.

"The German Government cannot admit any doubt that these orders were given or are executed in good faith. Errors actually occurred. They can in no kind of warfare be avoided altogether. Allowance must be made in the conduct of naval warfare against an enemy resorting to all kinds of ruses, whether permissible or illicit.

"But apart from the possibility of errors, naval warfare, just like warfare on land, implies unavoidable dangers for neutral persons and goods entering the fighting zone. Even in cases where the naval action is confined to ordinary forms of cruiser warfare neutral persons and goods repeatedly come to grief.

Mine Danger Pointed Out.

"The German Government has repeatedly and explicitly pointed out the dangers from mines that have led to the loss of numerous ships.

"The German Government has made several proposals to the Government of the United States in order to reduce to a minimum for American travelers and goods the inherent dangers of naval warfare. Unfortunately the Government of the United States decided not to accept the proposals. Had it accepted the Government of the United States would have been instrumental in preventing the greater part of the accidents that American citizens have met with in the meantime.

Can't Dispense With U-Boat.

"The German Government still stands by its offer to come to an agreement along these lines.

"As the German Government repeatedly declared, it cannot dispense with the use of the submarine weapon in the conduct of warfare against enemy trade. The German Government, however, has now decided to make a further concession, adapting methods of submarine war to the interests of neutrals.

"In reaching this decision the German Government is actuated by considerations which are above the level of the disputed question.

Sacred Principles Of Humanity.

"The German Government attaches no less importance to the sacred principles of humanity than the Government of the United States. It again fully takes into account that both Governments for many years co-operated in developing international law in conformity with these principles, the ultimate object of which has always been to confine warfare on sea and land to armed forces of belligerents and safeguard as far as possible non-combatants against the horrors of war. But although these considerations are of great weight, they alone would not, under present circumstances, have determined the attitude of the German Government; for in answer to the appeal by the Government of the United States on behalf of the sacred principles of humanity and international law the German Government must repeat once more, with all emphasis, that it was not the German but the British Government which ignored all accepted rules of international law and extended this terrible war to the lives and property of non-combatants, having no regard whatever for the interests and rights of neutrals and non-combatants that through this method of warfare have been severely injured.

Adopted In Self-Defense.

"In self-defense against the illegal conduct of British warfare, while fighting a bitter struggle for national existence, Germany had to resort to the hard but effective weapon of submarine warfare.

"As matters stand, the German Government cannot but reiterate regret that the sentiments of humanity which the Government of the United States extends with such fervor to the unhappy victims of submarine warfare are not extended with the same warmth of feeling to many millions of women and children, who, according to the avowed intention of the British Government, shall be starved, and who by sufferings shall force the victorious armies of the Central Powers into ignominious capitulation. The German Government, in agreement with the German people, fails to understand this discrimination, all the more as it has repeatedly and explicitly declared itself ready to use the submarine weapon in strict conformity with the rules of international law as recognized before the outbreak of the war if Great Britain likewise was ready to adapt the conduct of warfare to these rules.

Great Britain Refused.

"Several attempts made by the Government of the United States to prevail upon the British Government to act accordingly failed because of flat refusal on the part of the British Government.

"Moreover, Great Britain again and again has violated international law, surpassing all bounds in outraging neutral rights. The latest measure adopted by Great Britain, declaring German bunker coal contraband and establishing conditions under which English bunker coal alone is supplied to neutrals, is nothing but an unheard-of attempt in the way of exaction by force of neutral tonnage for the service of British trade war."

Not Fair To Germany.

"The German people know that the Government of the United States has the power to confine the war to armed forces of the belligerent countries in the interest of humanity and maintenance of international law. The Government of the United States would have been certain of attaining this end had it been determined to insist against Great Britain, on the incontrovertible rights to freedom of the seas. But as matters stand the German people are under the impression that the Government of the United States, while demanding that Germany, struggling for existence, shall restrain the use of an effective weapon, and while making compliance with these demands a condition for maintenance of relations with Germany, confines itself to protests against illegal methods adopted by Germany's enemies.

Supplies Arms To Enemy.

"Moreover, the German people know to what considerable extent their enemies are supplied with all kinds of war material from the United States.

"It will, therefore, be understood that the appeal made by the Government of the United States to sentiments of humanity and principles of international law cannot under the circumstances meet the same hearty response from the German people which such an appeal otherwise always is certain to find here. If the German Government, nevertheless, is resolved to go to the utmost limit of concessions, it has been guided not alone by the friendship connecting the two great nations for over 100 years but also by the thought of the great doom which threatens the entire civilized world should the cruel and sanguinary war be extended and prolonged."

"The German Government, conscious of Germany's strength, twice within the last few months announced before the world its readiness to make peace on a basis safeguarding Germany's vital interests, thus indicating that it is not Germany's fault if peace is still withheld from the nations of Europe.

"The German Government feels all the more justified in declaring that responsibility could not be borne before the forum of mankind and in history if after 21 months of the war's duration the submarine question under discussion between the German Government and the Government of the United States were to take a turn seriously threatening maintenance of peace between the two nations.

Would Limit Operations.

"As far as lies with the German Government, it wishes to prevent things from taking such a course. The German Government, moreover, is prepared to do its utmost to confine operations of the war for the rest of its duration to the fighting forces of the belligerents, thereby also insuring freedom of the seas, a principle upon which the German Government believes, now as before, that it is in agreement with the Government of the United States.

Order To Naval Forces.

"The German Government, guided by this idea, notifies the Government of the United States that German naval forces have received the following orders: 'In accordance with the general principles of visit and search and the destruction of merchant vessels recognized by international law as such vessels, both within and without the area declared a naval war zone, shall not be sunk without warning and without saving human lives unless the ship attempt to escape or offer resistance.'"

ARMED MERCHANTMEN AS WARSHIPS

Germany's Contention In Her Former Memorandum and Her Warning To Neutrals.

The German memorandum of February 8, was addressed to neutral nations and declared that after February 29, Germany would consider all armed merchantmen belonging to countries at war with Germany as warships, and that such vessels would be treated accordingly and sunk without warning.

It is charged that before the outbreak of the war the British government had given British shipping companies an opportunity to arm merchantmen with guns for protection against dangers "threatening under certain circumstances from auxiliary cruisers of other powers." The British Admiralty, it was added, published in January, 1914, a list showing that 29 steamers of various English lines carried stern guns.

Germany established soon after the outbreak of the war, the memorandum said, that English liners were armed—the steamer La Correntina having been captured carrying two four pounder seven-inch stern guns and a German submarine having been fired upon in the channel by an English yacht.

The memorandum said the British government for its own merchantmen had taken the standpoint that armed merchantmen maintained the character of peaceful mercantile vessels so long as they only carried armament for defensive purposes, but that in the case of armed ships under other flags it had adopted the principle that they were to be treated as warships.

"The German government," the memorandum continued, "has no doubt that merchantmen acquire a belligerent character through arming with cannon, no matter whether the guns shall serve only for defense or for attack. It considers every warlike activity of enemy merchantmen as contrary to international law, although it takes into consideration the opposing views, through the fact that it treats the crews of such ships not as pirates, but as belligerents."

The memorandum said that numerous cases had come to light from reports of the German naval forces, "in which British merchantmen not only offered armed resistance to German warships, but, on their own part, proceeded without further ado to attack them, in which attacks they frequently made use of false colors."

The manifesto was issued in order that the neutral powers might "warn their subjects from further entrusting their persons or property to armed ships of the powers at war with Germany."

Prince Albert gives smokers such delight, *because*

—its flavor is so different and so delightfully good;
—it can't bite your tongue;
—it can't parch your throat;
—you can smoke it as long and as hard as you like without any comeback but *real* tobacco happiness!

On the reverse side of every Prince Albert package you will read:

"PROCESS PATENTED JULY 30TH, 1907"

That means to you a lot of tobacco enjoyment. Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

Copyright 1916 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

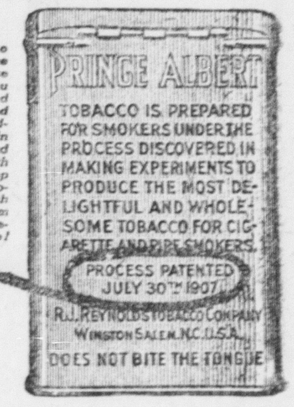
YOU'LL find a cheery howdy-do on tap no matter how much of a stranger you are in the neck of the woods you drop into. For, Prince Albert is right there—at the first place you pass that sells tobacco! The toppy red bag sells for a nickel and the tidy red tin for a dime; then there's the handsome pound and half-pound tin humidors and the pound crystal-glass humidor with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such bang-up trim all-the-time!

in goodness and in pipe satisfaction is all we or its enthusiastic friends ever claimed for it!

It answers every smoke desire you or any other man ever had! It is so cool and fragrant and appealing to your smokeappetite that you will get chummy with it in a mighty short time!

Will you invest 5c or 10c to prove out our say-so on the national joy smoke?

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.


PRINCE ALBERT
TOBACCO IS PREPARED FOR SMOKERS UNDER THE PROCESS DISCOVERED IN MAKING EXPERIMENTS TO PRODUCE THE MOST DELIGHTFUL AND WHOLESOME TOBACCO FOR CIGARETTE AND PIPE SMOKERS.
PROCESS PATENTED JULY 30TH 1907
R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY WINSTON-SALEM, N.C. U.S.A.
DOES NOT BITE THE TONGUE

This is the reverse side of the Prince Albert tidy red tin. Read this "Patented Process" message to you and realize what it means in making Prince Albert so much to your liking.

STATE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Latest Gleanings From All Over the State.

TOLD IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

By a vote of 581 to 206, the convention of the United Mine Workers in session in Pottsville ratified the tentative agreement made between the operators and the officers of the convention were authorized to sign the new agreement. This includes an eight-hour day and from three to seven per cent. increase in wages. More than half a million dollars in back wages for April will be paid the miners, the agreement being retroactive.

The application of J. Edward Ziegler and wife to have a ten-year-old feebleminded child committed to the York County Almshouse revealed to the police the fact that the family had escaped from the Perry County Almshouse at Loysville and had walked to York. The local associated charities sent them back.

After a strenuous week's work the 200 men and women of Allentown engaged in the campaign to raise $100,000 for the Good Shepherd Home reached their goal. They secured in reality $95,000, and so as not to score anything less than complete success the team captains got together and pledged the remainder.

The threatened strike of the Schuylkill Electric Railway was amicably settled when the regular men were granted an increase of twenty-five cents a day for nine and one-half hours. Extra men are to receive twenty-five cents an hour for all time worked, an increase of five to seven cents an hour.

Two thousand Steelton school children stood at attention at the services at the grave over the body of Harry C. Wright, member of the School Board and president of the Municipal League. Mr. Wright had been a leader in park and playground development.

The funeral of former Burgess John Kugle, the last survivor from Lancaster county to assist in guarding Jefferson Davis at Fortress Monroe, and who was with Sherman on his march to the sea, was held and very largely attended.

The Hanlon general store, at Shamokin, also containing the postoffice, was entered by burglars, a lot of goods being stolen. The thieves suddenly fled, as they were about to blow open a safe containing Government stamps.

The home of F. Newton Pierce, near the Black Horse Inn, was burned by a fire started when Mrs. Pierce upset a lighted lamp in a closet on the second floor. Most of the furniture was saved. The loss is $3,500.

DATES GIVEN FOR N. G. P. CAMPS

First, Third and Fourth Brigades Go To Mount Gretna July 7 To 15.

Harrisburg—Tentative dates and places for the encampments of the various organizations of the National Guard this summer were announced in a circular of information issued from the adjutant general's department. The arrangements are subject to changes according to circumstances. The information given out is as follows:

Owing to inefficiency of funds there will be no camp of instruction for officers of infantry held during this year.

The First, Third and Fourth Brigades will encamp at Mount Gretna July 7 to 15.

The Second Brigade will encamp at a place to be selected by the brigade commander August 5 to 12.

The First Cavalry will encamp according to action by the War Department.

Batteries A, C and D will encamp at Tobyhanna July 25 to August 4, and Batteries B, E and F at the same place, August 6 to 15.

Field hospitals and ambulance companies at Tobyhanna, August 10 to 20.

Engineer companies at Belvoir, Va., July 5 to 16.

Signal troops with Second Brigade.

The rifle camp of instruction and State matches will be held at Mount Gretna August 16 to 25.

Time Extension In Taxation Report.

Auditor General Powell was informed in an opinion given by Deputy Attorney General Hargest, that he had no authority to grant more than one extension of the time for filing corporation reports for State taxation.

The decision was in case of a northwestern company, which had been given an extension of thirty days. The penalty for failure to file after the extension had been granted will be enforced.

Opinions were also given that the premium on the bond for the superintendent of construction of the new buildings at Spring City Hospital must be paid from the funds of the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings and that prisoners sentenced prior to June 30, 1909, do not come under the parole Act of May 10, 1909.

Order 27 Arrests In Milk Crusade.

Twenty-seven arrests have been ordered by Dairy and Food Commissioner James Foust as the first result of the extensive sampling of milk and cream in eastern and central Pennsylvania counties. The arrests are for sale of milk below the standard in fats. More arrests are likely.

The campaign against "bleached flour" was also started, two arrests being ordered in northwestern counties. Arrests of representatives of a Cleveland firm for sale of linseed oil containing about fifty per cent. of mineral oil were also decided upon.

Scores of prosecutions for sale of adulterated foods are likely because of activity of agents in sampling.

Guardsmen Get Compensation If Hurt.

All of the National Guardsmen called into State service by Governor Brumbaugh because of the disturbances in Allegheny county are under the workmen's compensation Act, as are the State Police, and should anyone be killed or injured while on such duty the compensation would be the same as though hurt in a manufacturing establishment where the militiamen happened to be employed.

The State's liability is cared for in an appropriation of $15,000 made by the last Legislature. The Guardsmen come under the compensation law automatically as soon as called into service.

Sue To Test Escheat Act.

The first steps to test the constitutionality of the escheat Act of 1915 were taken when counsel for the Columbia National Bank and Union Trust Company, of Pittsburgh, brought an action in equity to restrain the Auditor General from enforcing the statute. The Attorney General will defend the act, and it is probable that other financial concerns will intervene in the proceedings.

It was estimated when the Legislature passed the law that it would bring thousands of dollars of many unclaimed deposits into the State Treasury.

Charters Granted.

Governor Brumbaugh approved these charters:

Guaranty Realty Co., Philadelphia; capital, $5,000; treasurer, Earl T. Kramer.

The Graves Timing Device Co., Philadelphia; capital, $35,000; treasurer, C. L. Bundy.

The Lakewood Realty Co., Mahanoy City; capital, $30,000; treasurer, D. F. Guinan.

Railroad Men's Building and Loan Association, Altoona; capital, $1,000,000; treasurer, James A. Doyle.

Jacob Stair Co., store, York; capital, $40,000; treasurer, Jacob Stair.

Road Material Awards.

Contracts were awarded at the State Highway Department for class "C" bituminous material for use by the maintenance division in the first, third and fourth districts to the Barrett Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia, at the following prices: First District, .0749 per gallon; third district, .075 per gallon; fourth district, .075 per gallon.

The contract for the second district was awarded to the United Gas Improvement Company, of Philadelphia, at .076 per gallon.

Jitney Lines Approved.

The Public Service Commission approved applications for certificates of convenience for jitney lines in Blair, Cambria, Mifflin, Allegheny and other counties. The commission will likely announce a general ruling relative to jitneys in a short time.

Stock Transfer Tax Declines.

Sales of the new State stock transfer tax stamps are reported to have dropped considerably during April, by the Auditor General's Department. The April sales were $8,800. Those for January were almost $33,000, for February $25,000 and for March $15,000.

HOME

A Story of Today and of All Days

By GEORGE AGNEW CHAMBERLAIN

Copyright by the Century Company

SYNOPSIS.

—12—

Alan Wayne is sent away from Red Hill, his home, by his uncle, J. Y., as a moral failure. Clem drinks Alan's health on his birthday. Judge Healy defends Alan in his business with his employers. Alan and Alix, Gerry's wife, meet at sea, homeward bound, and start a flirtation. At home, Gerry, as he thinks, sees Alix and Alan eloping, drops everything, and goes to Pernambuco. Alix leaves Alan on the train and goes home. Gerry leaves Pernambuco and goes to Piranhas. On a canoe trip he meets a native girl. The judge fails to trace Gerry. A baby is born to Alix. The native girl takes Gerry to the ruined plantation she is mistress of. Gerry marries her. At Maple house Collingeford tells how he met Alan—"Ten Per Cent Wayne"—building a bridge in Africa. Collingeford meets Alix and her baby and gives her encouragement about Gerry. Alan comes back to town but does not go home. Gerry begins to improve Margarita's plantation and builds an irrigating ditch. In Africa Alan reads Clem's letters and dreams of home. Gerry pastures Lieber's cattle during the drought. A baby comes to Margarita. Collingeford meets Alix in the city and finds her changed. Alan meets Alix, J. Y., and Clem, grown to beautiful womanhood, in the city and realizes that he has sold his birthright for a mess of pottage. Kemp and Gerry become friends. They visit Lieber, and the three exiles are drawn together by a common tie. Lieber tells his story. In South America Alan gets the fever and his foreman sends him to Lieber's.

Consider the mental agony of an intelligent man when he comes to realize that he has committed a great wrong, an irreparable wrong against his wife and against himself. Revelation and a sort of terror come to Gerry.

CHAPTER XXIV—Continued.

"You've been up all night," said Gerry. "Go and lie down for a while. I'll call you if anything happens."

Lieber rose reluctantly. "Don't fail to call me," he said. "I'll leave my door open."

Gerry sat down in a chair beside the settle. He had not known how tired he was himself. Soon he drowsed. His head fell forward on his chest. Sleep came to him and then a great trouble came to his sleep. He roused himself from a nightmare and, suddenly wide awake, found Alan's eyes fixed on his face.

"You!" murmured Alan.

Gerry did not answer. His face became a mask. It seemed to him that only Alan's eyes were alive, and to Alan that Gerry had projected his spirit to his bedside to watch him die.

Alan tried to smile in defiance. "Can't you speak?" he whispered hoarsely.

Gerry leaned forward. The question he had to ask was stronger than he. It forced its way through his lips. "Alan, what did you do with her? Tell me that and I'll go away."

A troubled look came into Alan's thin face. He frowned. "Do with her? Do with whom?"

"Alan," said Gerry, his suppressed voice trembling, "You know. With Alix."

"Oh," said Alan, still struggling on the verge of consciousness. "I remember. I did nothing with her. She wouldn't go with me."

"Alan," groaned Gerry. "I saw you. I saw you and Alix on the train."

The frown was gone from Alan's forehead. He felt sleep coming back to him and he was glad. "Yes," he said, "she was on the train with me. I remember. She jumped off. A baggageman—caught her." He dropped off to sleep again.

Lieber stepped catlike across the floor. He caught Gerry by one ear, and with the other hand over his mouth led him out of the room. Gerry went tamely. When they were on the veranda Lieber looked at him. "So," he said, his blue eyes blazing, "you only want to kill him."

"No," said Gerry, dazed, "not now."

"Mr. Lansing," said Lieber, "you get out of here. We'll settle this business some other time."

Gerry's lip trembled. "You're right, Lieber," he said. "You're right, only you don't know it all. That chap in there—we were boys together. He ran away with my wife. That's why—" Gerry suddenly stopped. Alix had not run away. She had jumped off the train. Where was she, then? What had she done through the years he had been away? Why had she jumped off the train. He struck his hand to his head and stumbled off the veranda.

Lieber's anger died in him, but he turned and went back to Alan.

Two hours later he came out again to find Gerry crouched on the veranda. The spirit had gone out of him, but he turned on Lieber with a determination in his tired eyes. "You told me to get out and I haven't. There are things I've got to know. I'll wait."

"I spoke in haste, Mr. Lansing," said Lieber. "I want you should forgive me. You are all in, too. Come with me."

He led him into his own room, made him lie down, and closed the shutters. Gerry threw himself across the bed, arms outstretched, face down. Lieber slipped out and noiselessly shut the door. Gerry lay exhausted. He could not think any more. A great weight lay on his brain. The ten minutes' doze in the chair at Alan's bedside had not been rest, but a nightmare. Presently he fell into sleep, a deep sleep that was all unconsciousness.

It was almost night when he awoke and with the awakening the weight settled back on his brain, only now he had the strength to think in spite of it. He got up and went out in search of Lieber. Lieber heard him and came out into the hall. Gerry nodded towards Alan's room. "It's all right, Mr. Lansing. He must have a solid mind. Your talk didn't excite him—didn't even disturb his sleep. He's on the road up—weak, a baby, but he's started life again. He's asked for you twice. Seems to have something he's got to get off his chest to you. You'd better go in."

Gerry sat down once more beside Alan. The questions he must ask crowded to his lips, but he forced them back. He tested his strength with resolutions and held them. It was his way of reassuring himself. He wanted to feel his firmness rising in him to meet the struggle he felt must come when Alan spoke.

Alan knew he was there. He saw him through half-closed eyes, but more than that, he felt him. His brows puckered in a frown. It was still hard to use words. "Gerry, last night I wanted to tell you more only I couldn't. I had to sleep. Alix didn't go with me. She only came to the train. When I kissed her she woke up and found she wasn't—carnal after all. She went back home. You didn't turn up. You never turned up. They traced you to a river, an empty canoe—pyjamas—you know." He stopped and sighed as though his task were over.

The veins on Gerry's forehead stood out in knots. His chin rested on his clenched hands, his elbows on his knees. "Alan," he said, "where is Alix now? What has she done?"

Alan opened his eyes and looked at him. "She is waiting. She has always waited for you to come back. She would not believe you were dead, because of the boy."

"The boy!" groaned Gerry. "What boy?"

"Yours," said Alan. "He is a great boy. There is a new Alix since he came. She is as far from me and what she was as the stars. She is a steady star. But it's all right now. You'll go back to her."

"I can't," whispered Gerry hoarsely, more to himself than to Alan. "I've got a wife here. I've got a child here. To me he is my first-born."

Alan's eyes opened, this time in wonder. A twisted smile came to his lips. "You!" he said. "You!" and then the smile changed to a faint disgust. He turned his head on the pillow away from Gerry and slept.

The next morning found Gerry still at Lieber's. Outside the heavenly bowl of blue was virgin of clouds. It stretched and domed in a sphered eternity of emptiness. Through its depressing void the sun swam slowly, pitilessly, as though it were loath to mark the passing minutes. The whole earth baked. Strong trees wilted and turned up the wrong sides of their leaves on the sea of heat like dying fish turning up their white bellies at the last gasp. Not a breath of air stirred. Heat rose from the ground in an unbroken, visible wave. "My God," said Alan, gazing with wistful, farseeing eyes beyond the familiar, repellent scene, "'a homeward fever parches up my tongue.'" There was such an agony of longing in the words that Gerry was frightened. He looked questioningly at Lieber.

"No," said Lieber, "he's not dying. He was dying, but he's changed his mind. He's going to go home instead."

"I believe he's right, Gerry," said Alan with a faint smile. "But I didn't change my mind. He did it for me. He's in line for a life-saving medal. Lieber's all right." He stopped, tired out.

Lieber began to talk to Gerry. "How's the water in the ditch, Mr. Lansing?"

"Mighty low," said Gerry. He spoke almost absent-mindedly. For the first time in months the ditch was far from his thoughts.

"It's hard luck," said Lieber. "The river's never been so low before—not in the memory of man. We do not hear the falls any more. The river is asleep. Do you want me to send my men down again?"

"It's no use," said Gerry. "I don't dare deepen the ditch any more. It's 'way below the normal level now."

Alan stirred. "What's that about a ditch?"

In unhurried phrases and a low voice Lieber told him the history of Fazenda Flores since Gerry's advent and of the great part the ditch had played in bringing resurrection to the abandoned plantation and life to the neighboring stock.

Alan cast a curious glance at Gerry. "Dangerous business," he said, "fooling with the normal level in flood country."

Lieber nodded and went on. He told his tale well. He had seen more than Gerry could have put into words. Gerry listened for a while, but he soon wearied. What had all that to do with him now? He wandered off and started to saddle True Blue. He must get away from Alan. Alan was drawing him, but he was bound in chains. He must remember that. Then, too, what Alan had said about fooling with the normal level worried him. He must go back and station a guard at the great sluice gate.

A sudden puff of air, then a breeze, then a gale, swept down on Lieber's from the southwest. The wind was hot, a furnace blast from the torrid wilderness. It carried with it whirls of dust, light, dry sticks, and, finally, small pebbles that hurtled along the ground. Gerry and his horse sought shelter by the house. Herders came running out from their quarters and gathered in front of the veranda. The wind suddenly turned cold, dropped and ceased. The dust settled. The sun blazed as before. There was not a cloud in the sky. The herders all looked at Lieber. They did not talk. They were waiting.

Lieber shrugged his shoulders. "Somewhere," he said with a wave of his hand to the southwest, "there has been rain and hail and that sort of thing. Temperature fell and drove the hot air off the desert." He told the men, but they did not go away. They stood around, their eyes sweeping the horizon to the southwest. At last one of them grunted. His eyes were fixed on a distant pillar of dust. It came towards them. Lieber used his field glasses. Without taking them from his eyes, he spoke. "It's a man, riding. Looks like he's riding for life. Something is up. He's riding to kill his horse."

As the man approached, a dull rumbling filled the ears of the watchers. So gradual was its crescendo that they did not notice it. The rider spurred and beat his horse to a final effort. They could see he was shouting. He drew nearer, and they heard him, "Flood! Flood!" Then they noticed the rumbling. It became a roar. Far away on the horizon rose a white, advancing mist. The rider rolled off his staggering horse. "The flood," he gasped. "Never before has there been such a flood."

"Alan, What Did You Do With Her?"

Tore Off in a Mad Gallop.

Before the words were out of his mouth there was a frenzied rattle of hoofs and Gerry on True Blue tore off at a mad gallop down the trail towards Fazenda Flores. Almost at his heels followed the first mounted of the herders, riding all they knew to cut across to Piranhas ahead of the wall of water.

Lieber's eyes followed Gerry's flight. Then he turned them on Alan. "That hollow down there," he said, "will be turned into a rushing river in half an hour—perhaps less. We're just safe here, and that's all. You see Mr. Lansing? He's the spot farthest down the trail. I'm thinking we'll never see him again."

A faint flush came into Alan's cheeks. It was a flush of pride—pride in Gerry. Gerry had not hesitated. He had not ridden off like a laggard. Even now they could see that he was riding for life—riding with all his might for the lives that shackled him.

CHAPTER XXV

Gerry had never ridden a horse to death before. When True Blue first staggered he put spurs to him and laid on his quirt right and left.

The roar of the river was so loud that he could not tell if he had really beaten the flood or not, though he could see just before him the long, snaky ridge of the main ditch banks. He must get on.

But True Blue only came to a staggering stop under the quirt. With his forefeet he still marked time as though with them he would drag his heavy body and master one step nearer home. From his loins back he was paralyzed.

With a last desperate effort he straddled his forelegs, but he could not brace himself against the backward sag of dead weight. Gerry felt him sinking beneath him and suddenly found himself standing over his prostrate horse. Of True Blue, his forefeet outstretched, his head and breast still held high, there was left only a great spirit chained to a fallen and dying body.

A cry escaped Gerry's lips—a cry of horror at what he had done. Then he remembered why he had done it and ran not for the sluice-gate but for the bridge. As he reached it the roar became deafening. There was a splintering, crackling sound that, measured by the great commotion, seemed like the tinkle of a tiny bell. But there was something in the sound that called to his brain. He cast a glance over his shoulder. The monster beams of his sluice-gate, hurled, splintered, into the air, were still hanging against the blue sky. Under them surged an angry white wall of racing water. Even as he started to run down the long slope to the house Gerry thought with a great relief that if the gate had been closed it would have gone even so, like matchwood.

Below him Fazenda Flores lay peaceful, still, under the blazing sun. The cotton was a little wilted but high and strong, the cane stunted but alive. Only in the pasture bottoms the stock had gathered in frightened clumps. Their instinct had told them that danger hovered near. Suddenly from the quiet house burst Margarita, carrying her son on one arm. She had seen Gerry from a window. While the others watched the rising river, and now this terrifying torrent bursting down upon them from above, she had slipped out to run to him.

The house at Fazenda Flores stood on a domed mound. Behind the mound was a slight hollow before the steady rise to the bridge began. Gerry caught sight of Margarita as she ran down towards this hollow. Terrified, he cast a glance at the descending flood and his eye measured its pace against hers. "Go back!" he shouted with all the strength of his lungs, and waved his arms. It was as though he had not spoken. Through the din and roar of the flood the sound of the words scarcely reached his own ears.

At the very bottom of the hollow Margarita felt that she was stepping in water. She took her eyes from Gerry, who she thought was beckoning to her, and looked down. A hurrying rivulet whose swift flow carried it before the churning crest of the flood, tugged at her ankles. She looked up toward the thundering wall of oncoming water and knew that she was lost.

She stopped and fixed her eyes on Gerry, who was plunging down the slope in a mad effort to reach her. She called to him, but she knew he could not hear her. With arms stretched to their highest, she held up the Man. The Man was not frightened. His black eyes were fixed on his running father. Margarita could feel him gurgling with joy in the new game. Then suddenly he cried out. It was a wail of fright. The wail was cut short. Broken in two, it rang terribly in her ears as she went down.

The water had felled Margarita and the Man. Gerry saw them flung down the crest of the wave. They became suddenly a twirling, sodden mass, inanimate save for the fling of a loose limb into clearer view against the blue sky or the uncoiling of long black hair on the seething water.

Gerry reached the torrent. Margarita and the Man had already been whirled far towards the great river. He plunged into the flood. The water was thick with earth, sticks, uprooted plants and debris of every sort. Conflicting, swirling currents tugged at heavy stones, rolled them along and sometimes even tossed one to the surface.

Gerry's struggling body was hurled hither and thither. A stray current shot him to the surface, but before he could take breath other currents sucked him down and dragged him along the rough surface of the crumbling soil. He felt as though he were being torn limb from limb.

Then suddenly he was cast into an eddy that in comparison with the maelstrom was almost peaceful. For an instant he felt like one who awakes from a terrible dream, but with the sigh that trembled to his lips came realization.

From head to toe he was battered and bruised. His cotton clothes were in tatters. His chest heaved in great, spasmodic gasps. Breath whistled through his wracked lungs. His eyes protruded. His head ached till it seemed on the verge of bursting. But to his mind pierced a thought sharper than pain—the thought of Margarita and the Man. With clenched teeth he struck out for the current.

Far, far away rose a dusty line of mist. It marked the head of the flood—the meeting of water with the accumulated dust of rainless months. Gerry recognized the meaning of that line. Somewhere there in the turmoil of the first rush of the mad flood were Margarita and the Man—what was left of them. The distance dismayed him, but he swam on. Then he felt the fast approaching end of endurance. A sob choked him.

It was only minutes till his arms refused to answer to his will. They moved so weakly that more than once his gasping mouth sank below the water. He swallowed great gulps of the turgid flood. Then an uprooted tree brushed by him. He clutched its branches.

When all else in the world has passed from a man's brain there remains the life instinct—the will to fight for the last minute of his allotted being. The life instinct was all that still lived in Gerry. It urged him to a last effort. He dragged his body upon the tree where the branches forked from the main trunk. Utterly exhausted, he sank into their embrace. They held him as though in a cradle.

The rush of the waters began to slacken. They stretched out over the valley and crept up its sides. They did not flow so much now as rise. The valley became a moving sea. On its flowing surface beasts, fowls and reptiles struggled, mad-eyed, for life. Here and there a bloated carcass, brought down from far up the river, blundered blindly through the living and brought screams of terror from the swimming horses, and gasping lows from the struggling cattle.

From the middle of the sea rose the old plantation house still high and dry on its mound. It seemed very tiny—a toy house on a lonely islet.

A great, open, white umbrella lined with green sailed gayly along. It caught in the branches of Gerry's tree. Uprooted cotton bushes floated by, and cane, snapped off, sometimes torn up in whole hills, banked up against the tree and formed a vast, unstable island, toward which swam the deluded stock.

From the mouth of the cleft in the river gorge issued a thundering cataract. It had burst through the walls of the ditch and even unseated a section of the rocky crag against which the sluice-gate had been buttressed. The ditch was gone. It could never be again, for the water was tearing the channel of the cleft deeper and deeper. The turbid flood devoured the silt of the valley, accumulated since man was, and carried it, seething, out towards the river. The valley would be left naked, stripped of the source of life.

Gerry's tree had crawled away from the main current. In a vast eddy it approached the mound whereon squatted the old plantation house. Dona Maria stood at the edge of the waters. Her two hands were clenched and held above her gray head. Thin wisps of hair hung about her face. Her face was distorted. She was cursing Gerry, cursing the day of his birth, the day of his coming, the day he had opened his ditch. She swept her arms over the terrible scene and called down the curse of all the ruin and death on his head. But Gerry was beyond hearing. In all the world there was none to hear the old woman. She stood alone; about her the silent waters, above her the blazing blue sky.

The tree shot out of the eddy. The current, the main current from the cleft, caught it squarely and swept it away. It suddenly shook its long trail of riffraff, and turning and turning, more and more swiftly, swam out on to the churning bosom of the great river.

The valley had disappeared. Squatting on the very level of the far-flung waters, the old house still stood. The bright sun struck a glint of light from its white walls and gave rich colors to its moss-grown tiles. The roof was crowded with fowl and a strange medley of heavy flying birds, glad of a perch on which to rest. Dona Maria went into the house. She closed the great board shutters. The house looked as if it had closed its eyes in a last renunciation.

Gerry's tree floated down the river. It swung slowly along near the north shore. Just below it were houses. They were perched on the cliff. Below them were more houses and under these the tiled roofs of still other houses just topped the flood. The houses were what was left of Piranhas.

From the shore canoes in search of loot began to shoot out on the quietening waters. One of them happened upon Gerry's tree and then upon Gerry. Gerry's eyes opened and then closed again. He scarcely felt the arms that lifted him. They carried him to the old inn, the miserable little inn he had left behind on that glorious morning of so long ago.

Would it not be a sort of poetic justice if Gerry should die now without ever being able to make amends to Alix for his dreadful suspicion and without ever seeing his son and heir?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

ATTORNEYS.

D. F. FORTNEY
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office North of Court House.

W. HARRISON WALKER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
No. 20 W. High Street.
All professional business promptly attended to.

A. D. GARDNER Jno. J. BOWER W. D. ZERBY
GARDNER, BOWER & ZERBY
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EAGLE BLOCK
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Successors to GARDNER, BOWER & GARDNER
Consultation in English and German.

H. D. SPANGLER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office, Crider's Exchange Building.

CLEMENT DALE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank.

Penns Valley Banking Company
Centre Hall, Pa.
DAVID H. KELLER, Cashier
Receives Deposits . . .
Discounts Notes . .

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Jno. F. Gray & Son
(Successors to GRANT HOOVER)
Control Sixteen of the Largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the World. . . . .
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST . . . .
No Mutuals
No Assessments
Before insuring your life see the contract of THE HOME which in case of death between the tenth and twentieth years returns all premiums paid in addition to the face of the policy.
Money to Loan on First Mortgage
Office in Crider's Stone Building
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Telephone Connection

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite.

BOALSBURG TAVERN
BOALSBURG, PA.
AMOS KOCH, PROPRIETOR
This well-known hostelry is prepared to accommodate all travelers. Boarders and transients stopping at Oak Hall Station, Penna. Railway, made to accommodate the traveling public. Livery attached.

OLD PORT HOTEL
EDWARD ROYER, Proprietor
RATES $1.00 Per Day
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

DR. SOL. M. NISSLEY,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
A graduate of the University of Penn'a. Office at Palace Livery Stable, Bellefonte, Pa. Both 'phones.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1916.

Pleasant Gap.

Guy Kerstetter spent Sunday with his parents at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Boyd Spicher are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy.

Samuel Noll has torn down his Ford car, and will rebuild it into a "race-about."

Jared Stover made a trip to Lock Haven Saturday for the purpose of attending the horse sale.

Ross, the young son of Don Eckenroth, who has been ill the past week, is improving.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Houser is improving rapidly from its serious illness.

Mrs. Andrew Swartz has returned home after spending the winter at Altoona and Bellefonte.

Miss Helen Zettle has returned home after spending the week with Mrs. William Coldron.

Mr. Swartz, of Tyrone, is paying a visit to his daughter, Mrs. Roy Coldron.

Harry Twitmeyer has returned home from Pittsburgh at which place he has been thrown out of employment due to the strike.

Mrs. Albert Smeltzer, who was suddenly taken ill at the home of Mrs. William Coldron, while paying a visit, is again improving.

Mr. Anderson, who has been spending his vacation at Pittsburgh, has returned to his boarding house at Frank Milward's.

Mrs. Yeager will take possession of the hotel some time the coming week, the remodeling being almost completed.

We all wonder why pie turns yellow when "Snits" comes on the (pool) table, and also why the doctor loses so many pills when he is used to handling them.

Mrs. Christopher Kune is spending the time among friends at this place and Bellefonte while Mr. Kune is arranging for their future home in Akron, Ohio.

The capture of the escaped convict on Friday caused quite an excitement, and no doubt if the fellow had not been in the condition that he was there would have been more excitement.

Three members of the Lutheran church gained forcible entrance of the new church last week, and took possession of same. No doubt the community will now see who is right and who is wrong.

PENN HALL.

F. M. Fisher transacted business in Millheim, Saturday.

Mrs. Sarah Hartman is visiting friends and relatives in Bellefonte.

Florence Bartges called on her friend, Irma Shook, one day last week.

C. F. Carter made a business trip to Lock Haven one day last week.

Miss Anna Reminger, of Tusseyville, visited friends here several days last week.

Miss Helen Neese came home Tuesday after spending several weeks in Millheim.

Charles Snyder, a student at Penn State, visited his aunt, Miss Mary Fisher, Saturday and Sunday.

William Hosterman and James Harter, students at Penn State, visited the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hosterman, over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brungart and son, from Pittsburgh, visited at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs. William Sinkabine, several days last week.

Mrs. A. M. Kreamer came home Saturday after spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Susan Burrell, at Millheim, assisting her in taking care of her son Charles, who has been very ill, but is improving.

The girls of the Commonweal Club of the county Y. W. C. A. met at the home of Miss Lola Ulrich Wednesday evening. Miss Margaret Hiller, the County Secretary, from State College, had charge of the meeting and the officers elected were as follows: Miss Lola Ulrich, leader; Miss Miriam Long, president; Miss Marion Finkle, vice president; Miss Jennie Bartges, secretary; Miss Mable Neese, treasurer. The following are the members: Misses Lola Ulrich, Miriam Long, Marion Finkle, Jennie Bartges, Mable Neese, Helen Neese, Helen Finkle, Alta Sinkabine, Catharyn Sinkabine, Florence Bartges, Beatrice Lee, Ethel Hettinger. The meetings will be held every first and third Thursday evenings of the month.

FRUITTOWN.

Anna Fohringer, who is employed at State College, is at home with her mother for a few weeks.

Roy Smith spent Sunday at the William Jordan home.

Charles Fye, of State College, spent Friday at the William Reiber home.

Mr. and Mrs. Bubb and Mrs. Dippery spent Sunday at the Wesley Nevel home.

Lydia Ishler of this place left last week for Spring Mills where she will be employed for some time.

Those who spent Sunday at the T. J. Fleisher home were Myrtle Copenhaver and daughter Amelia, Hazel McClellan, and Mr. and Mrs. William A. Fleisher and daughter.

It's an up-hill fight for some fellows even to be on the level.

DIXON'S HEALTH TALKS.

Commissioner Precautions Against Typhoid Fever During Vacation Period.

Now that the vacation season is approaching, when the town folks will seek rest from their daily toils, in the realms of Nature, a word of warning against indiscreet drinking of the waters of the State.

While thousands of pollutions have been removed from our streams, it will take years to correct the evils that have been growing ever since our civilization began in this country. If you desire to avoid typhoid fever this coming season, co-operate with those working to improve health conditions. In your travels never depend upon the celebrated town pump, the clearness of a stream or the sparkling waters offered by the wayside dweller to quench your thirst, unless you know of the purity of the water. Depend upon what you carry with you, or if camping, boil the water before using it for domestic purposes. It is better not to indulge in water cooled with natural ice from an unknown source. Do not clean your teeth, rinse your mouth or wash vegetables or fruit to be eaten raw, in unknown waters without first boiling it for ten or fifteen minutes.

There are hundreds of deaths and thousands of cases of typhoid fever in the United States each summer and fall because of failure to observe these precautions.

If you send your family to a summer resort without assuring yourself of the purity and safety of the water supply, you may be risking their lives.

Colyer.

Miss Grace Horner spent Saturday with her friend, Miss Bertha Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Leddick are visiting their daughters in Lock Haven.

Miss Grace Bradford, of Lemont, is spending some time at the John Lee home.

Elmer Miller from Centre Hall spent the latter part of the week with his mother, Mrs. Roy Miller.

Miss Margaret Kern from Lemont is visiting her cousin, Miss Willa Weaver, a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Miller visited the William Martz home, near Tusseyville, Sunday afternoon.

John Henry Moyer, wife and son Cyrus, visited their daughter, Mrs. Fred Brown, Sunday afternoon.

Howard Lingle and Esty Lingle made a short call at the Frank Lingle home, Sunday.

Elmer Miller, mother, sister Bertha and brother Krider, made a trip to Bellefonte, Thursday.

Mrs. Fred Brown and daughters spent a day at the Emmett Jordan home, at Tusseyville, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McClenahan and mother, Mrs. Anna McClenahan, spent Sunday afternoon with the latter's daughter, Mrs. Orvis Horner.

Stone Mill.

Mrs. William Grove is on the sick list.

Mrs. William Lingle spent Friday forenoon at the J. B. Fortney home.

We wonder what the attraction is for Dewey in our community.

The farmers are busy with their spring plowing.

Mrs. G. M. Harter is visiting relatives in Brush Valley.

Jonas G. Boal was in our community on Saturday.

William Ishler was a caller at the William Lingle home.

Herbert Grove spent Wednesday evening at the H. E. Grove home.

Grace Grove is working at the Herbert Grove home.

Alvin Floray was a caller at the William Lingle home on Friday.

Mrs. E. E. Harter and daughter spent Tuesday evening at the Thomas Hosterman home.

Miss Ruth Grove spent Saturday afternoon at the George W. Harter home.

Mrs. Harshbarger and granddaughter, from Egg Hill, are spending some time with her son James at this place.

James Harshbarger and family and Mrs. David Glasgow spent Sunday afternoon at the Elmer Harshbarger home at Egg Hill.

To Be Electrocuted.

Governor Brumbaugh Tuesday fixed the week of May 22 for the electrocution of Charles Douglas and Andrew Breeze, convicted of murder in Westmoreland county. Douglas is the colored man who escaped some weeks ago and following his capture made a desperate effort while in jail at Greensburg to kill the prisoner who escaped with him and was responsible for his apprehension.

The township road supervisors on Monday moved the new $3400 combination engine and roller from the railroad station to the woods on Prof. C. R. Neff's farm where several hundred loads of stone are being crushed this week. Howard Grove, of near Tusseyville, is learning to handle the new machine.

The wedding of Miss Jennie E. Rupp, of State College, but formerly of Aaronsburg, and Harvey F. Bond, of Nescopeck, will take place at the home of the bride's brother, John E. Rupp, at State College, on June 20th.

GOOD ROADS DAY.

Methods Other Counties Pursue in Securing Best Results in This Good Movement.

The Berks County Farm Bureau has perfected plans for a successful observance of "State-wide Good Roads Day" in that county and has issued a circular explaining what the day means and how the people can best occupy themselves on that day.

The circular issued states: "The co-operators needed for making the work a success are included here: Farm Bureau, County Association of Road Supervisors, Board of Supervisors in each township, County Superintendent of State Highways and his associate in Berks, and all public spirited citizens, or organizations, who are in a position to lend co-operation."

The circular then takes up each of these organizations and outlines the work which should be assigned them to most successfully co-operate for good roads on "State-wide Good Roads Day." The Farm Bureau is charged with publicity and is urged to secure it through newspaper articles, posters for public places and personal work of the agriculturist in connection with his travel about the county.

The County Association of Road Supervisors is requested to instruct the Township Board of Supervisors by circular, explaining the plan in full and include suggestions covering the kind of work that can be done effectively.

The board of supervisors in each township is urged to tour the entire road area of their respective township, so as to have exact knowledge as to where and what kinds of work needs to be done. They are all urged to encourage their constituents to volunteer not only labor but also materials and supplies. The supervisors are requested to obtain this information by not later than May 20 so that they can arrange the supply of labor available to suit their needs.

The citizens of the county are urged to volunteer for the pick and shovel brigade in the preparedness campaign for good roads. They are asked to be public spirited enough to volunteer labor, teams, equipment, etc., *free*, for the day to their supervisors and to advise the supervisors, by not later than May 20, as to what they will offer. The circular calls particular attention to the fact that city and borough residents are included in this appeal as well as those living in the county.

"Women and children are not expected to come out with pick and shovel," says the circular, "but we urge toem rather to prepare a good supply of hot coffee, sandwiches, etc., for the men. Where the work in the township is not too widely distributed it might be interesting for all of the women to bring dinner out to the woods, or under some big trees nearby, and all take part in a real big dinner in picnic style."

Auto clubs are urged to co-operate by extending to township supervisors the invitation to call upon the club for automobiles to be used in transporting laborers where necessary, and railroads where necessary, and railroads are told that they can aid by extending to township supervisors the offer to transport, without freight charges, road materials to be used on that day.

The circular concludes as follows:

"To observe Good Roads Day in a successful way, co-operation of all parties above mentioned is needed. Success will not be complete if any co-operator shirks his duty. There are, however, a few co-operators upon whom largely rests the burden of success or failure of the day's work. They are the supervisors of section men and the citizens with pick and shovel. If the work to be done on Good Roads Day is to be a creditable memorial of the day, supervisors must know before May 25 where their roads need repairs and what kind of repairs and what kind of repairing must be done. On the other hand, all citizens who offer their service must inform their supervisors at least five days before May 25 what labor, materials, and equipment they can supply.

"Good Roads Day" this year is not to be a paid movement. All serve without pay. A volunteer system only can be the greatest success if whoever possible can take time off, will spend one day for the betterment of his community in road improvement."

A Creditable List.

The Democrats of the State may well feel gratified by the high standing, ability, character and attainments of all the "State-wide" primary election candidates who are supported by the Democratic State Organization. There are thirty-three of them, headed by Woodrow Wilson for President. Mr. Wilson's name will be the only one on the Democratic Primary ballot for President. The Democrats will elect their National Committeeman in the Primary, and the State organization's candidate for re-election to that position, A. Mitchell Palmer, is singled out by the annex of the Republican machine to bear the brunt of the fight made by that bi-partisan element against an honest and efficient maintenance of the Democratic organization. Mr. Palmer, however, expresses confidence that he will defeat his opponent, Congressman Michael Liebel, Jr., by more than four to one.

Formed Alumni Association.

On last Monday afternoon a number of the graduates of the Millheim high school met in the high school room and organized an alumni association, says the Journal. The following officers were elected: President, B. M. Stover; vice president, Miss Ruth Brown; secretary and treasurer, Miss Laura Belle Musser; assistant secretary and treasurer, Ray Miller. The association intends holding a reunion every year. The following preamble to the constitution was presented and adopted: "We, the graduates of the Millheim high school, desiring to continue the associations of high school days, to promote fraternal feeling, to faciliate fraternal helpfulness and intercourse with each other, and to promote the best interests of the high school, do unite ourselves under the name and title of the Alumni Association of the Millheim High School."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

CYRUS BRUNGART

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting. Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc.; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct8,1916 pd

JAMES W. SWABB

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

LINDEN HALL, CENTRE CO., PA.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, &c, written and executed with care. All legal business promptly attended to. Special attention given to settling of Estates. Marriage Licenses, Automobile Licenses, and all other Application Blanks kept on hand. Nov. 25-1 yr.

LAWRENCE E. RUNKLE

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Contractor and Builder

MATERIAL FURNISHED

See me before letting your building contract Estimates furnished. Address Box 104. o21pd

We Can't Do All the Painting

That is to be done in Centre County, but whatever we do we do our best to do it right. We have earned a reputation for good painting in the past year that we cannot afford to lose by doing a single unsatisfactory job. We employ the most competent workmen, use the best materials we can buy, and stand back of our work to make good anything that goes wrong through any fault of our own. We paint to stay painted.

FRED DUNZIK

Practical Painter & Decorator

PLEASANT GAP, PA.

Bell Phone

$3.00 Round Trip

Washington

The National Capital

OR

Baltimore

The Monumental City

Sunday, May 14

SPECIAL TRAIN LEAVES

CENTRE HALL, SATURDAY NIGHT 11.59 P. M.

Returning Leaves

Washington - - - 4.10 P.M.

Baltimore (Union Station) 5 10 P.M.

See the New National Museum, Library of Congress, Capitol Building, Washington Monument, Botanic Garden, Corcoran Art Gallery, and the varied sights of Washington, "The City Beautiful."

See Flyers Consult Agents

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

I Have For Sale AT Cut Prices

6 INCUBATORS

6 BROODERS

Good reason for selling.

Must sell quick.

FEW HATCHING EGGS for sale now.

NO CHICKS FOR SALE.

Chas. D. Bartholomew

CENTRE HALL, PA.

War! War! War!

In the "War of Competition" no merchant can make good with his customers unless he is thoroughly prepared for all emergencies that may arise—he cannot meet the prices of his competitors nor deliver the merchandise in time when it is needed.

I do not belong to that class--I have prepared months ahead for all demands of the market,

and although there is a scarcity of materials, and the prices for same are advancing by leaps and bounds I am, nevertheless, in a position to offer the trade

Exceptional Values

I have the Values, the Styles and the Merchandise.

Here is your opportunity to become acquainted with a merchant who can take care of your interest at the height of the season and who can sell at prices lower than what others have been asking you for the same merchandise.

I feel confident that you, as a careful buyer, will not fail to take advantage of this opportunity and come and select your clothing and shoes as soon as possible.

D. J. NIEMAN

DEPARTMENT STORE

MILLHEIM, PA.

Thinking of Building?

We're Here to Help You

DON'T rush headlong into the building game for you may have to be sorry when it is t o late. Let us assist you in planning your needs for with our experience in this line of work every detail will have been worked out, including estimate of cost, before the actual construction is begun Result—satisfaction to you by reason of a well-constructed building.

Our Planing Mill Work is Done Right

All kinds of mill work done on short notice and with a guarantee of correctness.

We will give special prices on Cypress and Yellow Pine Lumber, Sash, Doors, Window Frames, and Builders Hardware. We keep on hand all styles of moulding.

OUR PAST WORK SPEAKS FOR ITSELF.

ZETTLE & LUCAS

Contractors & Builders

Proprietors CENTRE HALL PLANING MILL CENTRE HALL, PA.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

All the fancy colors and weaves in Dress Goods.

A full line of Ginghams, Sheeting, Pillow Casing and Tubing, Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Still a few Sweater Coats for Spring wear.

Auto Caps for ladies.

A new line of Hats and Caps.

Sunbury Bread, fresh Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday.

Fresh Cakes on hand.

This store will close every Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock.

H. F. Rossman

SPRING MILLS, PA.

What We Hear About Our Ice Cream

"That's smooth cream."

"You sure must use REAL cream in making this ice cream."

"That's the best made cream I ever ate."

These and many other similar expressions are made each day by people who try our cream for the first time. The second statement above tells the story—REAL CREAM—that's it, good ice cream can only be made with rich creamy cream, and thats all we use.

Try Some To-Day, By the Dish or Quart.

Centre Hall Bakery

"Where Good Goods Come From"

CHAS. PENNINGTON, Proprietor

INDIAN MOTORCYCLE FOR SALE.—A 5-horse power machine, in good running order, with good tires; will be sold at great sacrifice.—EDWARD BROWN, Centre Hall, Pa.

In spite of the prevalence of labor-saving machinery, picking pockets is still done by hand.